# Тексти та тести з англійської мови Методичні рекомендації

до вивчення іноземної мови

спеціальності: «Фізична культура»

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Методична розробка складена у відповідності з програмою курсу іноземної мови. Містить тексти спортивної тематики та граматичні тести згідно до навчальної програми дисціпліни.

#### Текст 1.

## 1. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### **SPORTS AND GAMES**

Tennis and table tennis are wonderful games. Young and grown-up people can play those games. They give good physiological results on the body.

Swimming is a very good form of exercise. There is a river or a swimmingpool in many towns. You may practise swimming in winter as well as in summer.

Hiking is very popular among the youth. The sun's rays, sleep and games in the open air are very important for young men. Grown-up people also like hiking. The sun and the air are good medicines.

Walking and running are very good exercises. You must breathe through your nose when you run.

#### Текст 2.

## 1. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### **ABOUT SPORT**

I have a friend. His name is John Brown. He is seventeen. He is a strong boy and an excellent sportsman. Like many young English people he and his sisters are fond of sports and games.

The girls' favourite game is tennis. They belong to a good tennis club. They spend their Saturday mornings playing tennis. Last summer they played for their club and won several prizes.

John is very good at rugby, but he does not play soccer, which is more popular than rugby on the Continent. There are two kinds of football in England: soccer and rugby. We play soccer with a round ball, and rugby with an oval ball.

Sometimes John camps out with his friends for a few days in summer and they spend a week in the open air.

Golf is also very popular in England. John's father and mother like golf and hiking. All they need for hiking is a pair of good strong shoes and rucksack. In winter they enjoy winter sports: skiing, icehockey and skating.

#### Текст 4.

#### 1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

basketball – баскетбол bench – тут лава для запасних гравців to sink the ball into the basket – закидати м'яч у кошик penalty – итраф team – команда player – гравець coach – тренер

#### 2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### GAMES BASKETBALL

Basketball is played in a gym or a playing ground 26x12 metres. The baskets themselves are hung 3m 05cm above the ground, at each end of the playing ground. The teams that play the game consist of 10 players each but only five of them are on the field at the same time, the others are on the benches (spare). The players can be changed as many times during the game as the captain or coach wishes. For each ball sunk into the opponents' basket during play, the team gets 2 points. Each ball sunk as a penalty is credited with one point. The game is played for 40 minutes, after the first 20 the players have a ten-minute rest. The game is won by the team that scores the most points during the game. The game is conducted by two referees. Basketball is considered to be the most emotional and graceful ball game of all.

#### 3. Дайте відповіді на питання:

- 1. Is basketball played in a gym or a playing ground 26x12 metres?
- 2. How many players make up a basketball team?
- 3. How long is a basketball game played?
- 4. How many referees conduct a basketball game?
- 5. Do you or did you ever play basketball?
- 6. Are you a basketball fan? Which team do you support?

7. What can you tell about a basketball game?

## 4. Перекажіть текст англійською мовою.

Текст 5.

**1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:** volleyball – *волейбол* net – *cimкa* opponent – *cynpomuвник* score – *paxyнoк* 

## 2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### VOLLEYBALL

Volleyball is played on a ground or in a gym 18x9 metres divided in half by a net. The top of the net is 2.4 metres above the ground for men and 2.25 metres for women Each team has 12 players 6 of which are on the field at the same time The rest of the players change places according to the captain's or coach's will, the same as in basketball. The game is conducted by a referee sitting in a special "high chair" on one side of the net, and two linesmen. The game is played not on time like basketball or soccer but according to score for three or five games. Each game must be won by 15 points (not less) and with a margin of at least two points.

## 3. Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Is volleyball played on a ground or in a gym 18x9 metres divided in half by a net?

2. How many players make up a volleyball team?

3. How long is a volleyball game played?

4. Do you or did you ever play volleyball?

5. What can you tell about a volleyball game?

# 4. Перекажіть текст англійською мовою. Текст 6.

#### 1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

football, soccer — футбол big league games — *iгри команд класу A* second division games — *iгри команд класу Б* forward — *нападаючий* halfback — *півзахисник* fullback — *півзахисник* fullback — *захисник* bencher — *запасний гравець* goalkeeper — *воротар* goal — *ворота* to score a goal — *забити гол* referee — *суддя на лінії* field player — *польовий гравець* 

## 2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### FOOTBALL

Football (or soccer) is played almost throughout the world. In the Ukraine it is the most popular of all ball games. Amateur teams are organised at almost every work place, department, house or street where there are eleven boys or more. The game is played in streets, parks, playgrounds, etc. But this is not sport of course, this is only play, or exercises in the game that has millions of supporters.

We have big league games which is real sport and second division games too.

Each team consists of 13-15 players, 11 active and four benchers. One of the players is the goalkeeper, the rest are field players, six forwards, three halfbacks and two fullbacks. The game is played on a field 110 metres long and 60 metres wide. At each end there is a goal which is guarded by a goalkeeper who prevents the opponents' balls from entering the goal. The goalkeeper is the only player who has the right to use his hands to touch, catch or hit the ball or to throw it out into the field. The rest of the players are allowed to kick the ball or touch it with any part of their bodies except their hands and arms. The players of each team pass the ball

between themselves, interfere their opponents with the aim of scoring as many goals themselves as they possibly can and not allowing their opponents to score at all. The game is played for 90 minutes, two halves of 45 minutes each with an interval of 10 minutes in-between. The team that scores the most goals is the winner. The game is conducted by One referee and two linesmen.

## 3. Дайте відповіді на питання:

- 1. Is football played almost throughout the world?
- 2. Is it the most popular of all ball games in our country?
- 3. How many players make up a football team?
- 4. How long is a football game played?
- 5. Do you or did you ever play football?
- 6. Are you a football fan? Which team do you support?
- 7. Who is your favourite football player?
- 8. Is it better to be a fan or a player?
- 9. Who is the world's best goalkeeper?
- 10. Name the world's strongest football teams.

# 4. Перекажіть текст англійською мовою.

## Текст 10.

## 1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

wrestling – боротьба

weight-lifting – піднімання ваг

to draw lots – тягти жереб

losers "out" – ті що програли, вибувають зі змагань

tripping – підніжки

procedure – тут. прийом

year in and year out – щорічно

bout – бій

fluffy padding – м'яка підкладка, набивання

#### 2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст:

#### HEAVY ATHLETICS

Wrestling, boxing and weight-lifting in our country are called "heavy athletics" because of their strain. These events are for men only. Our wrestlers are among the world's best in all styles: classical (French), free style and judo.

There are many different kinds of wrestling in our republics and all of them have their own rules. Among the most interesting of them is "Sash wrestling" or "Trinta". As a tradition all volunteers may enter a contest and meet each other in strict order according to drawn lots. The contest proceeds in Olympic order. All losers "out", while the winners continue till the last is out. When the last loser is thrown on his back the winner receives a live ram as his prize. He then carries the ram on his shoulders around the mats, then the ram is roasted and eaten by all the participants.

Mongolian wrestling is also of great interest. It differs from "Sash wrestling" and most other styles because here tripping is allowed as well as many other forbidden procedures (in classical wrestling). The oldest wrestlers of past years are the referees. The winner must rub his opponent's shoulders to the ground thrice before being recognized as the victor. The victor then does a circle of honour, he spreads his arms like an eagle, bends forward and leaping tries to imitate the flight of an eagle. After this performance he is given the honourary name of "Young Hawk".

All types of wrestling are sports of strength, agility and wit.

To be a good boxer and expect good results one must train regularly year in and year out. His body must be perfectly developed internally as well as externally. He must have the legs of a dancer, the body of an athlete and the head of a chess player.

The boxing gloves in our country have a very fluffy padding which makes knock-outs almost impossible. The boxers must think not only of hitting but of their defence as well because score-points are given for blows received as for blows given, point for point no matter of what force they are, and the one who scores the most points wins the bout.

Weight-lifting is one of the best ways to build up a man's body. You will notice that weight-lifters are not only strong muscled but also square shouldered and full chested. They develop strong hearts and healthy lungs of great capacity.

# 3. Виберіть 7 речень, що передають основні положення тексту.

## 4. Розкажіть про видатних українських боксерів.

## Розділ II. Граматичні тести

## PART I

## TEST 1

#### **PRESENT TENSES**

Test 1 A

Read the conversation between two students. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Lisa: Who  $(\blacktriangleright)$  is Michelle talking to?

Amy: I can't see Michelle.

Lisa: You (1)...looking in the right place. She's over there.

Amy: Oh, that's Adrian. He's new here.

Lisa: Rally? Where (2) ... he live? (3)... you know?

Amy: No, I... know anything else about him.

Lisa: What (5)...they talking about, I wonder?

Amy: Well, he (6)...look very interested. He's got a very bored expression on his face. And he (7) ...saying anything.

 $\blacktriangleright \bullet \quad a) are \quad b) do c) does \quad d) is$ 

1 a) aren't	b) doesn't c) don't	d) isn't
•	1 \ 1 \ 1 1 1 1	

- 2 a) are b) do c) does d) is
- 3 a) Are b) Do c) Does d) Is
- 4 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) 'm not
- 5 a) are b) do c) does d) is
- 6 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) isn't
- 7 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) isn't

#### Test 1 B

Read Tessa's postcard to Angela and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

We're (▶•) having a great time here. It's beautiful, and the sun (1)...shining. Yesterday I went water-skiing! What (2)...you think of that?

I'm (3)...at a table in our hotel room and writing a few postcards. The room is fine, but we (4)...like the food very much. But it (5)...matter because we (6)...out to a restaurant every evening.

We're both (7)...very lazy at the moment. I (8)up quite late in the morning, and Nigel (9)...up even later. You know of course how much Nigel's work (10)...to him and how he's (11)...talking about it. Well, the holiday is so good that he's forgotten all about work. So it's the perfect holiday. The only problem is that it's (12)...us a lot of money. But we'll worry about that later.

## Test l C

Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.

▶•The children is doing their homework now.

The children are doing their homework now.

1 The girls are play tennis at the moment.

- 2 Both my brothers like sport.
- 3 Anna wearing her new coat today.
- 4 What colour you like best?
- 5 My suitcase is weighing ten kilos.
- 6 At the moment I stay at a hotel.

8 Robert catch the same bus every morning.

9 What is this world mean?

## Test l D

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb. Use the present continuous or the present simple.

►•A: Is Janet in, please?

B: Yes, but I think (I / think) she's busy at the moment. She's washing (she / wash) her hair.

1..... A: (I / think) of buying a new computer.

B: But computers (cost) so much money. What's wrong with the one we've got?

A: .....(it / get) out of date now.

- 2.....A: Your new trousers .....(look) nice.
- B: Thank you. The trouble is.....(they / not / fit) properly.

.....(I / not / know) why I bought them, really.

3.....A: What (you / do)?

B: .....(I / weigh) this letter. ....(I / need) to know how many stamps to put on it.

4 ......A: (I / think) this road is really dangerous. Look how fast that lorry

..... (go).

B: .....(I / agree). People shouldn't go so fast.

5A:	(I / like) musicals. And this is a great show, isn't it?
•••••	(you / enjoy) it?
D	

B: ..... Yes, I am. (I / love) every minute of it.

6.....A: (I / always / fall) asleep. I just can't keep awake.

B: ..... What time (you / go) to bed?

A: About ten o'clock usually. But.....(it / not / make) any difference.

7 A: Could you post the goods to me, please?

B: Yes, certainly.

A: .....(I / live) at a guest house at the moment as.....(I/ look) for a flat. So could you send it to my work address?

B: Yes, of course. And you'll have the goods by the end of the week,.....(I / promise).

8..... A: Why (you /want) to change the whole plan?

B: I'm just not happy with it.

A: And .....(I / not / understand) why.....(you / be) so difficult about it.

# TEST 2

# PAST SIMPLE AND PAST CONTINUOUS

Test 2 A

Put in the past simple of the verbs in brackets.

► The car stopped (stop) at the lights.

1 We ...... (leave) the cinema before the end of the film.

2 The streets.....(be) crowded with people.

3 My grandmother..... (die) last year.

4 Everyone ...... (have) a marvellous time.

5 We .....(not/ like) the food they gave us.

6 Claire ..... (go) to Egypt last month.

7 The accident.....(happen) last weekend.

8 It..... (not / be) a very comfortable journey.

9 I.....(know) that ages ago.

# Test 2 B

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

• There were lights on the spacecraft. (had)

The spacecraft had lights on it.

1 I had my old coat on. (wearing)

2 I was on holiday, and you were on holiday, too. (we)

3 It isn't true that I made a mistake. (didn't)

4 The boys were in the middle of a game of cards. (playing)

5 No one told me about the change of plan. (know)

6 My friend was the winner of the competition. (won)

7 Is it a fact that the Romans built this wall? (did)

#### Test 2 C

Lorna Bright is a long-distance walker. Look at this part of her diary describing a morning's walk along the coast. Write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

It was a fine day ( $\blacktriangleright$ ) when I started out on the last part of my walk around the coast of Britain. The sun was (1) ....., and a light wind (2).....blowing from the south-west. I was pleased that it (3) .....raining. I knew by now that I (4) .....like rain. In fact I (5) .....it.

I (6) .....along the cliff top and then down into the lovely little fishing village of Wellburn, past a cafe where people (7).....having morning coffee. Three miles past Wellburn I (8).....down for five minutes and (9).....a drink. Now it (10).....getting warmer, so I (11).....off one of my sweaters. I (12).....stop for long because I (13).....to reach Scabury by lunch-time. (14) .....I finally

got there, it (15).....just after half past twelve.

## Test 2 D

Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.

► The hotel were very quiet.

The hotel was very quiet.

1 It was peaceful, and the birds were sing.

2 I washed my hair when the phone rang.

2 You came not to the club last night.

3 It taked ages to get home.

4 We tried to keep quiet because the baby sleeping.

5 As I was watching him, the man was suddenly running away.

6 We pass a petrel station two minutes ago.

7 Everything was seeming OK.

8 Where bought you that bag?

9 When I heard the alarm, I was leaving the room immediately.

Test 2 E

Complete the sentences. Put in the correct form of each verb. Use the past continuous or past simple.

▶ When Martin arrived (arrive) home, Anna was talking (talk) to someone on the phone. Martin started (start) to get the tea.

1. I.....(lie) in the bath when the phone.....(ring). It .....(stop) after a few rings.

2. It .....(be) cold when we .....(leave) the house that day, and a light snow ......(fall).

3. You friend who......(come) here the other day.....(seem) very nice. I.....(enjoy) meeting her.

4. When I .....(see) the man, he.....(stand) outside the bank. He .....(have) a black baseball cap on.

6.....(walk) along the street when I suddenly.....(feel)

something hit me in the back. I ..... (not / know) what it was.

7......We (go) London to yesterday, but on the way we.....(hear) about a bomb scare in Oxford Street. So we.....(drive) back home straightaway.

8. .....Something very strange(happen) to me on my way home from work yesterday afternoon. I (drive) along the bypass at the time. Suddenly I.....(see) my mother in the seat beside me. But she died three years ago.

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#### TEST 3

#### PRESENT PERFECT AND PAST SIMPLE

#### Test 3A

Put in the past participles of the verbs in brackets.

We've found (find) all the answers.
Have you......(wash) the car?
You haven't......(eat) very much.
They've......(open) a new supermarket.
You've......(write) it in pencil.
I've......(make) the sandwiches.
We've.......(have) our lunch.
United have.......(score) a goal.
The balloon has......(land) in a field.
Who's......(break) this glass?
It's warm because the heating has......(be) on.
Have you......(scill) your flat yet?
I've......(finish) that job at last.

#### Test 3 B

Complete the second sentence so that it follows on from the first. Use the present perfect.

My hair is tidy now. I've brushed my hair.
1 The door is open. Someone.....the door.
2 This is Oliver's drawing, look. Oliver.....a picture.
3 The calculator is broken. Someone.....the calculator.
4 United are the winners. United.....the game
5 There's no more wine in the bottle. We.....all the wine.
6 The floor is clean now. I.....the floor.
7 I know my number now. I......my number by heart.

#### Test 3 C

Decide which word is correct. ▶ I'd like to borrow this book. Has Anna read it yet ? a) done b) for c) just d) yet a) already b) been c) for d) yet 2. What are you going to do? ~ I don't know. I haven't decided ..... a) just b) long c) since d) yet 3. I've..... to London. I went there in June. a) been b) gone c) just d) yet 4. Have you..... done any skiing? a) ever b) for c) just d) long 5. My boyfriend hasn't run..... week. a) for b) last c) since d) this 6. I haven't seen that coat before. How ...... have you had it? a) already b) for c) long d) since 7. The girls have..... to the cinema. They won't be back until ten o'clock. a) already b) been c) gone d) just 8. I haven't seen my parents..... last Christmas. a) already b) before c) for d) since 9. This is the first..... I've ever lived away from home. a) already b) since c) that d) time 10. This programme must be new. I've ..... seen it before. a) ever b) never c) since d) yet

#### Test 3 D

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick ( $\sqrt{}$ ). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary have or has out of the sentence and write it in the space.

- Susan has lost her keys. She can't find them anywhere.  $\sqrt{}$
- Christopher has hurt his hand, but it's OK now.
  has
- 1 The directors have arrived half an hour ago, but they didn't stay long.
- 2 It's raining, and Peter has left his umbrella behind, look.
- 3 It's a long time since your friends have last visited us.
- 4 None of you have called me for weeks. Aren't we friends any more?
- 5 We can play tennis now. The others have finished.
- 6 The company has bought some land, but then it sold it.
- 7 The computer isn't on now. Someone has turned it off.
- 8 Tessa has posted the parcel. It's on its way to you.
- 9 Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago.

10 Simon has left. He and Oliver have left after lunch.

#### Test 3 E

Put in the present perfect or past simple of the verbs in brackets.

- $\blacktriangleright$  I've had(have) these shoes since my eighteenth birthday.
- ► I tidied (tidy) my desk, but now it's in a mess again.
- 1 The last time I .....(go) to Brighton was in August.
- 2 I'd like to meet a ghost, but I.....(never / see) one.
- 3 I've finished my homework. I.....(do) it before tea.
- 4 And the race is over! And Micky Simpson.....(win) in a record time!

5 I.....(work) for a computer company for a year. That was after college.

6 What time.....(you / get) to work this morning?

7 Martin.....(be) to Greece five times. He loves the place.

8 The President.....(come) out of the building and is going to make a speech.

9 You won't believe this, but I've got some tickets for the concert. ~ Oh, well done.

How.....(you/get) them?

10 Of course I can ride a bike. But I.....(not / ride) one for years.

11 Marilyn Monroe.....(be) in about thirty films.

12 .....(you / ever / bake) your own bread? ~ No, but I might try it some time.

13 Janet.....(be) very ill three years ago.

14 Rupert has left a message for you. He.....(ring) last night.

15 .....(you / see) the news today? — No, not yet. I'll watch it at ten.

16 We moved here in 1993. We.....(be) here a long time now.

#### TEST 4

#### PAST AND PERFECT TENSES

#### Test 4 A

Read the conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Tessa: Hello, Robert. I  $(\blacktriangleright)$  haven't seen you for ages.

Robert: Hello, Tessa. Great to see you. What have you (1).....doing lately?

Tessa: (2)..... just started a new job in computer software.

Robert: You (3) ..... working for Tuffex Plastics when we last met.

Tessa: That's right. I hadn't (4) .....working there long before I got fed up. I (5).....realized what a horrible job it would be. But what about you? (6) ......you found a job?

Robert: Well, six months ago I (7) ......working for a car hire company, but then they (8) ...... bankrupt. So I'm out of work now. (9).....been looking around for another job.

	Tess	sa: V	Vell, I'n	n sure	you'll	find o	one soon.
	► a)	) didn't	b) hadn	't	c) hav	ven't	d) wasn't
1	a) been	b) had	C	c) has		d) wa	S
2	a) I'd		b) I'll		c) I'm	l	d) I've
3	a) did		b) had		c) hav	ve	d) were
4	a) be		b) been		c) dor	ne	d) had
5	a) didn't	b) hadı	n't c	c) hav	en't	d) wa	sn't
6	a) Did	b) Had	c	) Have	e	d) We	ere
7	a) been	b) had	c	) have	<b>;</b>	d) wa	S
8	a) go		b) going	g	c) gor	ne	d) went
9	a) I'd		b) I'll		c) I'm		d) I've

## Test 4 B

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

▶ • Susan had a green dress on. (wearing)

Susan was wearing a green dress.

1 The doctor began work at six o'clock and is still working. (has)

2 Rupert didn't have his credit card. (forgotten)

3 I didn't want to go without taking a photo. (until)

4 Nancy has been writing the report. It is finished now. (written)

5 My wait in the queue has lasted forty minutes so far. (I)

6 When we arrived, everyone was on the dance floor. (dancing)

7 The computer has been mine for four years. (had)

8 In the middle of our lunch there was a knock at the door. (when)

9 Nigel felt sick from eating too many cakes. (because)

# Test 4 C

Write the sentences correctly.

- I like this CD. I've been having it for ages.
   I've had it for ages.
- 1 It was my first day back at work. I was on holiday.
- 2 I'm quite tired now. I play badminton.
- 3 I had to sit down. I'd been having a shock.
- 4 You need a rest. How much have you been working?
- 5 The robbery happened at midday. Lots of people walked along the street outside.
- 6 My sister speaks good English. She is practising her English since last summer.
- 7 At last I have my qualification. I've been passing my exam.
- 8 Michelle looked really sunburnt. She'd lie in the sun for too long.
- 9 We got to the coach stop at nine yesterday. But the coach has already gone.

## Test 4 D

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb.

► A: Did you buy (you / buy) anything at the antiques sale yesterday?

B: No. I wanted (I / want) to buy some jewellery, but I'd left (I / leave) my credit card at home.

- 1 A: Are you still copying those addresses?
- B: No, that's all of them. .....(I / finish) now.
- 2 A: The train is never going to get here.
- B: How long .....(we / wait) now?
- A: At least half an hour...... (we / be) here since ten to

five.

- 3 A: Did you have a nice chat with Tessa?
- B: No, not really. When ......(we/ drink) our

coffee,.....(she / hurry) off home.

- 4 A: It's terrible about that plane crash, isn't it?
- B: Yes, awful.....(I / have) breakfast when

.....(I / hear) the news.

5.....A: So you sing in a rock band, do you? How long.....(you / do) that?

B: Oh, since I was sixteen......(we / do) about a dozen conceits.

- 6 A: Do you know what Polly was so upset about yesterday?
- B: No, I don't. But I'm sure ...... (she / cry). Her eyes looked red.
- A: Perhaps ......(she/ have) some bad news.
- 7 A: The shooting was very frightening, I suppose.
- B: It certainly was. When we ..... (hear) the shot,

#### TEST 5

## PRESENT AND PAST TENSES

## Test 5 A

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb.

► A: Are you ready?

- B: I won't be a moment. I'm doing (I /do) my hair.
- 1 A: Could you tell me your address?

2 A: Is this your CD?

B: No, it isn't mine.....(I / think) .... (it /

belong)

to Peter.

3 A: Can I borrow your calculator, please?

B: Well, ......(I / use) it to work out these figures at the moment ......(I / want) to finish doing them, now that ......(I/start).

4 ...... A: Why can't you wash your dirty plates sometimes?.....(you/leave)

them in the sink most of the time.

B: OK, sorry. The last few weeks.....(I / have) so little

time. .....(I / rush) around all the time.

# Test 5 B

Read the story and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space. One day a man was (▶) walking past a house in Bournemouth when he (1) .....a woman's voice shouting for help. The man (2).....someone (3).....probably trying to murder her. He ran to a phone box and (4).....the police. The police came quite quickly, but by now the shouting had (5)...... However, the man (6).....quite sure that he

(7).....heard cries for help. When the police (8).....on the door, there was no answer. So they broke down the door and went in. Inside the house was a woman who had just (9).....out of the shower. She explained to the police that she had (10).....singing along to the Beatles song 'Help!'.

# Test 5C

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Begin with the word in brackets.

► Our trip to Africa was in October. (We ...)

We went to Africa in October.

1 We've had ten hours of rain. (It...)

2 It's the right thing to do in my opinion. (I ...)

3 Our sofa is in a different place now. (We ...)

4 It was breakfast-time when Susan rang. (I ...)

5 Their game of badminton is always on Tuesday. (They ...)

## Test 5 D

Write the correct answer in each space.

► This isn't my first visit to London. I've been here before.

a) I'm b) I've been c) I was

1. I've got my key. I found it when ......for something else.

a) I looked b) I've looked c) I was looking

2. Sorry, I can't stop now. .....to an important meeting.

a) I go b) I'm going c) I've gone

3. I can't get Tessa on the phone.....all afternoon.

a) I'm trying b) I try c) I've been trying

4. The bank told me last week there was no money in my account......it all.

a) I'd spent b) I spent c) I was spending

5 There's a new road to the motorway. .....it yesterday.

a) They'd opened b) They opened c) They've opened

## Test 5 E

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick ( $\sqrt{}$ ). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.

• Martin has changed his mind about next weekend.  $\sqrt{}$ 

► We were enjoyed the holiday very much. were

1 Nancy is practising on the piano.

2 It was lucky that we had been decided to buy our tickets in advance.

3 We were riding our bikes when suddenly I was felt a pain in my leg.

4 We are go camping for three weeks every summer.

5 They have planted some new trees last year.

6 I suddenly realized I had been walking in the wrong direction..

- 7 Did you know that Anna has been won a prize?
- 8 No one told me that the goods had arrived the week before.

## Test 5 F

Complete the news report. Put each verb into the correct form.

#### TEST 6

## THE FUTURE WITH WILL, BE GOING TO AND PRESENT

#### Test 6 A

Put n the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

I don't want a steak. I think I'll have the chicken.

3 I'm seeing the boss this afternoon. But I must study this report before I ......her.

4 There will be drinks at the reception, but there will.....be any food.

5 The European heads of state are ..... meet in Brussels on 3 October.

- 6 It's a lovely day...... we go for a walk?
- 7 My birthday.....on a Sunday next year.
- 8 My brother is engaged. He's ...... married in June.
- 9 You won't be allowed to go to your seat after the play.....started.
- 10 Martin's got his coat on. I think he's.....to go out.

## Test 6 B

Write the sentences correctly.

► I'm hungry. I think I have something to eat.

I think I'll have something to eat.

1 You say you're getting a coach at nine. What time is it getting to London?

- 2 I'll give Polly the news. I'll tell her when I'll see her this evening.
- 3 Rupert looks really tired. He's about falling asleep.
- 4 We've arranged to go out. We meet in town later.
- 5 I'm going to Spain next week. I send you a postcard.
- 6 I'm going to get to the airport early. I can read a book while I'll be waiting.
- 7 I feel a bit tired. I go to lie down.
- 8 Why not come to the party? All your friends shall be there.

9 There's been a bomb warning. No one can go into the building until the police will have searched it.

#### Test 6 C

Read the news report and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

The Maxi-Shop company is  $(\blacktriangleright)$  going to build a huge new shopping centre on the edge of Millingham, it was announced yesterday. There (1).....be at least three hundred shops, including some big department stores. When the project (2).....be hundreds of new jobs for local people. But not everyone is happy. 'We're (4).....to fight this plan,' said a spokesperson for the local Environment Group. 'Just think what is going (5).....happen countryside. When to our shopping malls (6).....be no green fields left. So we're (8).....a protest meeting tomorrow evening at the town hall. It (9).....at half past seven.' Owners of shops in the town centre are also unhappy. 'The new centre (10).....take our customers away,' said one of them.

## Test 6 D

Look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

- ► A: Let's go to the carnival, shall we?
  - B: Yes, good idea. I expect it'll be fun.

a) it'll be b) it's c) it's being

- 1 A: Could I have a word with you, please?
- B: Sorry, I'm in a big hurry. My train.....in fifteen minutes.

a) is going to leave b) leaves c) will leave

2 A: Have you decided about the course?

B: Yes, I decided last weekend.....for a place.

a) I apply b) I am to apply c) I'm going to apply

- 3 A: I'm trying to move this cupboard, but it's very heavy.
- B: Well,.....you, then.

a) I help b) I'll help c) I'm going to help

4 A: Is the shop open yet?

B: No, but there's someone inside. I think.....

a) it opens b) it's about to open c) it will open

5 A: Do you mind not leaving your papers all over the table?

B: Oh, sorry. I'll take them all with me when.....

a) I go b) I'll go c) I'm going

6 A: It's a public holiday next Monday.

B: Yes, I know.....anything special?

a) Are you doing b) Do you do c) Will you do

# Test 6 E

Write the sentences using a future form of the verb. Use the word in brackets.

Express your instant decision to take a taxi. (I'll) I'll take a taxi.

1 Express your intention to have a rest. (going)

2 Express the idea that the timetable shows the start of term on 6 September. (starts)

3 Predict a world war in five years' time. (there)

4 Express the idea that you and Judy have arranged a game of tennis for tomorrow. (playing)

5 Give your prediction of a probable fall in prices. (probably)

6 Warn your passenger about the car crashing. (going)

# TEST 7

# THE FUTURE

# Test 7 A

Read the telephone conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Amy:	When (▶) will I see you again?
Simon:	I don't know. I'm (1)to be busy this week. And I'll
	(2) going to London on Saturday.

Amy: Oh. But you (3). ....be here for my party, won't you?

Simon:	No, I (4)get back until Sunday evening.
Amy:	I (5)going to invite you.
Simon:	Well, I'm sorry I can't come.
Amy:	What (6) You doing in London?
Simon:	Oh, I'm just going (7)see one or two people.

Look, I must go. I'm cooking something that I think is (8).....to boil over.

## Test 7 B

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick ( $\sqrt{}$ ). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.

They're probably going to knock the building down.  $\sqrt{}$ 

► We are be going to get a dog soon. <u>be</u>

1 The bus is leaves at eight twenty. .....

2 The doors of the theatre are about to open. .....

3 The meeting will be start at half past seven. .....

4 The festival is for to take place in June. .....

5 My friend will be calling here tomorrow morning. .....

6 We were going to eat in the restaurant, but it was full. .....

7 I have to register for my course before the classes will begin. .....

8 I will to have finished lunch by two o'clock. .....

# Test 7 C

Put in a form of the verb. Use the future continuous {will be doing), the future perfect (will have done) or was/were going to.

► It's quite a long way, isn't it? We'll have walked (walk) about five miles by the time we get back, I'd say.

1. It'll be better if you don't ring at one o'clock. We ......(to have) lunch then.

2. I .....(drive) over and see you, but there is something wrong with the car.

3. I've got loads of work. I expect I .....(work) all night. And I am looking forward to it.

4. I will have much more time next week because I.....(do) all my exams then.

5. We.....(buy) that computer game, but they don't make it for the kind of computer we have got.

6. I know you will put on a wonderful show. You......(have) so much practice by the time you perform it that it is sure to be brilliant.

## Test 7 D

Complete the conversation. Use will, be going to or a present tense. Choose the best form. Sometimes more than one answer is correct.

Peter: Hello. Where are you going?

Polly: To my evening class. I'm learning Swedish. And next week ( $\triangleright$ ) I'll have (I / have) a chance to speak it for real. (1).....(I /go) to Sweden for three weeks. (2).....(I / leave) on Friday. (3).....(I / visit) some friends there.

Peter: (4).....(that / be) nice.

Polly: Well, I'd better hurry. My lesson (5).....(start) at half past seven, and it's twenty-five past now.

Peter: OK. Come and see me when (6) .....(you / get) back from Sweden.

Polly: Thanks. (7).....(I / send) you a postcard.

## Test 7 E

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

• We have decided to help with the project. (going)

We are going to help with the project.

1 We're willing to wait for you. (I'11)

- 2 You can get off this train at Bath. (stops)
- 3 My friend intended to meet us. (going)
- 4 Adrian's job interview is on 17 October. (having)
- 5 Our meal will be over by eight o'clock. (finished)
- 6 I think I'm going to go on the trip. (might)
- 7 The fire hasn't gone out yet, but it will in a minute. (about)

# Test 7 F

Choose the correct form.

- A: I'd better go. I'm cycling home, and I haven't got any lights on my bike.
   B: Oh, yes. <u>It'll be/It'll have been</u> dark soon.
- 1. A: I hear the rent on your flat is very expensive.

B: Yes it is. I'll move/I'm going to move, I've decided.

- 2. A: I'd like a photo of Martin and me.
  - B: <u>I'll take/I'm going to take</u> one with your camera, then.
- 3. A: Have you booked a holiday yet?
- B: Yes, we go/we're going to Spain.
  - 4. A: What's that man doing up there?
    - B: Oh no! <u>He'll jump/He's going to jump</u>!
  - 5. A: Can I borrow your bike on Monday?

B: I'm sorry, but <u>I'll be using/I'll have used</u> it. I always cycle to work.

# TEST 8 QUESTIONS

#### TEST 9

#### QUESTIONS, NEGATIVES AND ANSWERS

#### Test 9 A

Read the conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Judy:  $(\blacktriangleright)$  Shall we go to the party tonight?

Lisa: (1) .....giving a party?

Judy: Susan. You know her, (2).....you?

Lisa: I'm (3).....sure. Has she got long dark hair?

Judy: Yes, she (4)..... And she's quite tall. (5)......you spoken

to her?

Lisa: No, I don't think (6) ...... But I know who you mean. There are two sisters, Susan and Janet. They're twins, aren't (7)....?

Judy: Yes, that's right.

Lisa: (8) .....one is Susan?

Judy: Oh, I (9) .....know. They both look the same. I can't always tell them apart.

Lisa: No, (10) .....can I. In any case, I haven't been invited to the party.

Judy: That (11).....matter.

Lisa: OK. (12).....go to it then, shall we?

► a) Do b) Shall c) Would

1 a) What's b) Who's c) Whose

2 a) don't b) know c) so

3 a) isn't b) no c) not

4 a) got	b) has	c) so
5 a) Haven't	b) Having	c) Not
6 a) it	b) neither	c) so
7 a) it	b) not	c) they
8 a) What	b) Whicl	n c) Who
9 a) don't	b) no	c) not
10 a) neith	er b) not	c) so
11 a) does	n't b) isn't	c) not
12 a) Coule	d b) Let's	c) Shall

#### Test 9 B

What would you say? Use the word in brackets, and use a question form in each sentence.

► You want to suggest a game of cards, (have) Shall we have a game of cards?

1 You are asking Tessa where her house is. (live)

2 You want Janet to tell you what she is thinking. (about)

3 You are inviting a friend to come to your room. (like)

4 You are surprised that your friend missed the football match on television. (watch)

5 You are asking permission to take a photo. (may)

6 You are looking for Polly. You are asking her friend for information. (seen)

7 You are asking Nigel about the number of letters he has written. (how)

8 You are asking Nancy about the people coming to her party. (who)

9 You are asking Martin's wife if he cooks every day or once a week. (often)

10 You are asking about the weather tomorrow. (will)

## Test 9 C

Each of these replies is wrong. Write the correct reply.

► Is it going to snow? ~ I am not thinking it. I don't think so.

Has the computer arrived? ~ No, not.
 Don't you like curry? ~ Yes, I hate it.
 Will you be in tonight? ~ Yes, I expect.
 Horrible weather. ~ It isn't very nice, isn't it?
 Would you like a sweet? ~ Yes, right.
 I'm quite tired now. ~ Too am I.
 You might catch my cold. ~ I don't hope to.
 The first tram didn't stop. ~ Neither the second

#### Test 9 D

Rupert is at a job interview. Someone is asking him questions: Write the questions.

## Test 9 E

Put in the missing word.

How does this phone work? ~ You press this button.
1 The new building looks awful. ~ I agree. It look very nice.
2 Could you give me a receipt, please? ~ Yes, of......

- 3 This chair isn't very comfortable. ~ And..... is this bed.
- 4 Didn't you watch 'Frankenstein' last night? ~....., I hate horror films.
- 5 What's this wood ....? ~ I'm going to make a table.
- 6 I didn't say the wrong thing,.....I? ~ Well, you weren't very polite.
- 7 Will there be any free gifts?  $\sim$  No, there .....
- 8 Have they sent you some money? ~ No, I'm afraid......
- 9 Don't drop those plates,.....you? ~ OK, I'll be careful.
- 10 How ..... is it to the station? ~ About half a mile.
- 11 Do those shoes fit you? ~ Yes, I think ......
- 12 Why..... we have a picnic? ~ Yes, good idea.
  - 13 ..... foot is hurting? My right one.
- 14 I feel a bit cold actually. ~ Yes, do I.
- 15 Who..... eaten their ice-cream? ~ Oh, it's mine. I'm just going to eat it.
- 16....of these magazines would you like? ~ This one, please.

## PART II

#### Варіант І

1. Визначте, яке дієслово виражає фізичну чи розумову здатність:

- a) must c) can
- b) should d) need

2. Укажіть речення, в якому вжито еквівалент дієслова "may" у минулому часі:

- a) She wasn't able to answer.
- b) She had to go on a business trip last week.
- c) Mr Brown couldn't sign the document without his permission.
- d) I wasn't allowed to take the money.
  - 3. Знайдіть вірний варіант перекладу українського речення:
  - У читальному залі не дозволяється голосно розмовляти.
- a) You must not talk aloud in the reading-hall.

- b) You need not talk aloud in the reading-hall.
- c) You can talk silent in the reading-hall.
- d) You are not able to talk aloud in the reading-hall.

4. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні для вираження необхідності,

зумовленої розкладом:

The flight... arrive at 2 p.m.

- a) is to c) can
- b) may d) should

5. Яке дієслово має схожі значення із дієсловом "should"?

- a) need c) could
- b) ought d) be to
  - 6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "must":
- а) Може, вона повернеться.
- b) Йому, напевно, вісімдесят років.
- с) Можливо, цей молодий чоловік зможе допомогти вам.
- d) Вона може повернутися.
  - 7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:
  - Shall I turn on the lights for you?
- а) Я буду вмикати світло вам?
- b) Повернути до вас світло?
- с) Увімкнути вам світло?
- d) Погасити вам світло?
  - 8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення: How dare you say it?
- а) Як ти наважишся сказати це?
- b) Як ти наважився сказати це?
- с) Як ти можеш казати це?
- d) Як ти смієш казати це?
  - 9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

 Do you... any money?

 a) need
 c) should

 b) have to
 d) could

 10.
 Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити для вираження ввічливого

 прохання
 у

 реченні:
 ...I tell you a word ?

 a) ought
 c) can

 b) might
 d) shall

## Варіант II

- 1. Визначте, яке дієслово виражає необхідність чи обов'язок:
- a) shall c) can
- b) have to d) dare

2. Укажіть речення, в якому вжито еквівалент дієслова "must" у майбутньому часі:

- a) He was to come next week.
- b) He will be able to visit the exhibition.
- c) I should bring the magazine to show them an article.
- d) I shall have to pay him something.
  - 3. Знайдіть вірний варіант перекладу українського речення:

Допоможіть мені, будь ласка.

- a) Would you help me?
- b) Should you help me?
- c) You may help me?
- d) You might help me?
  - 4. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні для вираження наказу:
- a) dare c) can
- b) need d) must
  - 5. Яке дієслово має схожі значення із дієсловом "to be"?

a) might

b) shall

c) must

d) can

6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "may":

- а) Вони, напевно, оточують будинок.
- b) Можливо, вони зараз у відпустці.
- с) Я думаю, вона зможе це зробити.
- d) Вона, напевно, виконала роботу.
  - 7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:

She must have filled in the application form.

- а) Вона повинна була заповнити анкету
- b) Вона повинна мати заповнену анкету.
- с) Вона, певна річ, заповнила анкету.
- d) Вона, певна річ, повинна заповнити анкету.
  - 8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення:

You oughtn't to be working for those people.

- а) Вам не треба було б працювати у тих людей.
- b) Ви не повинні працювати у тих людей.
- с) Вам не можна працювати у тих людей.
- d) Вам не можна було б працювати у тих людей.
  - 9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

Did you... sell most of your things?

a) must

## c) should

b) cand) have to

10.Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити для вираження докору або осуду у реченні:

You... be more attentive.

- a) canc) may
- b) might d) need

# Варіант III

1. Визначте, яке дієслово виражає фізичну або розумову здатність:

a) must

c) may

b) can d) need

2. Укажіть речення, в якому вжито еквівалент дієслова "can" у майбутньому часі:

a) She was allowed to use the computer.

b) She will be allowed to help him.

c) She will be able to help you.

d) She could go there twice a week.

3. Знайдіть вірний варіант перекладу українського речення:

Перш ніж купувати телевізор, слід було б його перевірити.

a) Before you bought the TVset you had to check it.

b) Before you bought the TVset you were to check it.

c) Before you bought the TVset you might check it.

d) Before you bought the TVset you should have checked it.

4. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні, для вираження заборони:

a)	must	c) should
··/		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

b) need d) ought to

5. Яке дієслово має схожі значення із дієсловом "сап"?

- a) may c) have to
- b) dare d) be to

6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "must":

- а) Він зміг би це зробити.
- b) Він, можливо, зробить це.
- с) Він, напевно, зробив це.
- d) Він повинен був зробити це.

7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:

She couldn't have done it.

а) Не може бути, щоб вона зробила це.

- b) Вона не зможе зробити це
- с) Вона не змогла зробити це.
- d) Вона не могла робити це.
  - 8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення: At that moment he dared not move.
- а) В той момент він не наважувався поворухнутися.
- b) В той момент він не міг поворухнутися.
- с) В той момент він не повинен був поворухнутися.
- d) В ту мить вона не посміла поворухнутися.
  - 9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

They will... to send the message tomorrow.

a) must c) be able

b) should

10. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити з метою дістати розпорядження,

d) can

вказівку

у реченні:

... I go out while you are speaking to him?

a) can c) may

b) shall d) will

## 3 M I C T

## PART I

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