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Сумський державний педагогічний університет імені А. С. Макаренка

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ENGLISH
PART II

АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА
ЧАСТИНА II

**Методичні рекомендації
з англійської мови
для студентів немовних спеціальностей**

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Методичні рекомендації з англійської мови «Англійська мова. Частина II» охоплюють такі розмовні теми курсу: «Де ми живемо», «Робочий день», «Погода та дозвілля». Теоретичний матеріал супроводжується некомунікативними і умовно-комунікативними вправами та комунікативними завданнями. Методичні рекомендації призначені для студентів 3 курсу немовних спеціальностей закладів вищої освіти.

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Розділ 1 ДЕ МИ ЖИВЕМО

UNIT I WHERE WE LIVE

Граматичний матеріал

There is/are +

Приклади			Переклад
There	is	a room in the house.	В будинку є кімната.
		a desk in the room.	В кімнаті є письмовий стіл.
		a table in the kitchen.	В кухні є стіл.
		a shelf on the wall.	На стіні є полиця.
	are	two rooms in the house.	В будинку є дві кімнати.
		some desks in the room.	В кімнаті є декілька письмових столів.
		three tables in the kitchen.	В кухні є три столи.
		some shelves on the wall.	На стіні є декілька полиць.

Впр. 1. Вставте *there is/there are* у речення:

1. _____ a park behind the cinema. 2. _____ 2 houses in this street. 3. _____ a flat on the first floor. 4. _____ many buses in the bus stop. 5. _____ a bus stop opposite the theatre. 6. _____ some shops across the street. 7. _____ a big house near the lake. 8. _____ a lot of cafes in the centre of the city. 9. _____ 3 rooms in the flat. 10. _____ a large bathroom in my flat.

Is there /Are there?

Приклади			Переклад
Is	there	a room in the house?	В будинку є кімната?
		a desk in the room?	В кімнаті є письмовий стіл?
		a table in the kitchen?	В кімнаті є письмовий стіл?
		a shelf on the wall?	На стіні є полиця?
Are		two rooms in the house?	В будинку є дві кімнати?
		any desks in the room?	В кімнаті є декілька письмових столів?
		three tables in the kitchen?	В кухні є три столи?
		any shelves on the wall?	На стіні є декілька полиць?

Впр. 2. Поставте питання, використовуючи констукції *Is there...?* та *Are there?*

1. _____ a park behind the cinema? 2. _____ 2 houses in this street? 3. _____ a flat on the first floor? 4. _____ any buses in the bus stop? 5. _____ a bus stop opposite the theatre? 6. _____ any shops across the street? 7. _____ a big house near the lake? 8. _____ any cafes in the centre of the city? 9. _____ 3 rooms in the flat? 10. _____ a large bathroom in my flat?

Впр. 3. Поставте питання за прикладом:

Приклад: There are two tables in my room. – Are there two tables in your room?

1. There are many old trees in the park.
2. There are two schools in this street.
3. There are some cars in the garage.
4. There is a photo on the wall.
5. There is much water in the lake.
6. There is modern furniture in our flat.
7. There are a lot of people in the room.
8. There is little snow in the field.
9. There are some pencils in my bag.
10. There is a newspaper on the chair.

Короткі відповіді на питання з *there is/are*:

Is there a car in the street?	+ Yes, there is. – No, there isn't.
Are there people in the street?	+ Yes, there are. – No, there aren't.

Впр. 4. Дайте короткі відповіді на питання:

Приклад: Is there a shop in the street? (+) - Yes, there is.

Are there shops in the street? (–) - No, there aren't.

1. Are there any trees in the park? (+)
2. Are there two flats in this house? (–)
3. Is there a photo on the table? (–)
4. Is there any water in the cup? (+)
5. Are there any books in his bag? (+)
6. Is there little furniture in this room? (–)
7. Are there any chairs in my room? (+)
8. Is there a bookshelf on the wall? (–)
9. Is there a table in the kitchen? (+)

10. Are there any flowers in the garden? (–)

Впр. 5. Поставте питання та дайте короткі відповіді на них за прикладом:

Приклад: There are nice chairs in the room. (curtains) – Are there any nice curtains in the room? – Yes, there are/No, there aren't.

1. There is a dictionary in my bag. (text-book)
2. There are many desks in the library. (books)
3. There are many boys in the gym. (girls)
4. There is a portrait in the hall. (photo)
5. There are three cinemas in our town. (theatre)
6. There are some interesting stories in this book. (fairy-tales)
7. There is an apple on the plate. (pears)
8. There is some juice in the glass. (milk)
9. There are many glasses in the cupboard. (cups)
10. There is a bed in his room. (wardrobe)

There is not/are not

Приклади			Переклад
There	is not (isn't)	a room in the house.	В будинку немає кімнати.
		a desk in the room.	В кімнаті немає письмового столу.
		a table in the kitchen.	В кухні немає столу.
		a shelf on the wall.	На стіні немає полиці.
	are not (aren't)	two rooms in the house.	В будинку немає двох кімнат.
		any desks in the room.	В кімнаті немає ніяких письмових столів.
		three tables in the kitchen.	В кухні немає трьох столів.
		any shelves on the wall.	На стіні немає ніяких полиць.

Впр. 6. Створіть речення з *there is/are not* за прикладом.

Приклад: Give me a pencil from the box. – But there is not any pencil there.

1. Give me a book from the shelf.
2. Give me a fresh egg from the fridge.
3. Give me a chair from the corner.
4. Give me some apples from the plate.
5. Give me some cups from the shelf.
6. Give me some pens from the box.
7. Give me a cake from the plate.
8. Give me two knives from the box.
9. Give me my watch from the shelf.
10. Give me my papers from the table.

There is/are no

Приклади			Переклад
There is	no	room in the house.	У будинку немає кімнати.
		desk in the room.	У кімнаті немає письмового столу.
		table in the kitchen.	У кухні немає столу.
		shelf on the wall.	На стіні немає полицки.
There are		two rooms in the house.	У будинку немає двох кімнат.
		desks in the room.	У кімнаті немає ніяких письмових столів.
		three tables in the kitchen.	У кухні немає трьох столів.
		shelves on the wall.	На стіні немає ніяких полицок.

Впр. 7. Змініть речення, вживаючи конструкції *there is no* замість *there isn't* та *there are no* замість *there aren't*:

- There aren't three rooms in our flat.
- There aren't any glasses on the shelf.
- There isn't a bookcase in my room.
- There aren't many cakes on the plate.
- There isn't a lamp on the table.
- There isn't a fridge in the kitchen.
- There isn't a cooker in the kitchen.
- There aren't any chairs in the room.
- There aren't any plates in the cupboard.
- There isn't an armchair in the living-room.

Впр. 8. Перекладіть англійською:

- У нашій квартирі є три кімнати.
- На вулиці багато машин.
- У центрі міста багато магазинів.
- На нашій вулиці немає кафе.
- У моїй кімнаті немає нових меблів.
- У квартирі моїх батьків є дві кімнати, кухня і коридор.
- У цьому магазині немає книг.
- У цьому кафе є декілька видів тістечок.
- В її кімнаті немає ліжка, але є крісло.
- На цій вулиці немає старих будівель.

Читання 1.1

Прочитайте правильно слова. Знайдіть їх у тексті й выпишіть речення, де вони зустрічаються. Перекладіть речення українською.

house /haʊs/ – будинок
 centre /ˈsentrə/ – центр
 garden /ˈgɑːdn/ – садок
 two-storied /ˈtuːstɔːrɪd/ – двоповерховий
 downstairs /ˈdaʊnstet̪s/ – вниз, на першому поверсі
 ground floor /ˈgraʊndflɔː/ – перший поверх
 sitting-room /ˈsɪtɪŋ ruːm/ – вітальня
 hall /hɔːl/ – хол, передпокій
 kitchen /ˈkɪtʃɪn/ – кухня
 study /ˈstʌdi/ – кабінет
 wall /wɔːl/ – стіна
 comfortable /ˈkɒmfətbəl/ – зручний, комфортабельний
 armchair /ˈɑːmtʃeə/ – крісло
 bookcase /ˈbʊkkeɪs/ – книжна шафа
 coffee table – журнальний стіл
 carpet /ˈkɑːpɪt/ – килим
 floor /flɔː/ – підлога, поверх
 dining-room /ˈdaɪnɪŋ ruːm/ – їдальня
 wooden /ˈwʊdn/ – дерев'яний
 chair /tʃeə/ – стілець
 lamp /læmp/ – лампа
 curtain /ˈkɜːtn/ – фіранка
 window /ˈwɪndəʊ/ – вікно
 upstairs /ˈʌpsɪt̪s/ – вверху, на другому поверсі
 the first floor – другий поверх
 bedroom /ˈbedruːm/ – спальня
 bathroom /ˈbɑːθruːm/ – ванна кімната
 lavatory /ˈlævətɔːri/ – туалет

Прочитайте та перекладіть текст українською:

MR. SMITH'S HOUSE

Mr. Smith lives in a very nice house. It is a short walk to the centre of the city. There is a big garden around it. The house is two-storied. Downstairs, on the ground floor, there is a sitting-room, a kitchen, a hall and Mr. Smith's study. Their sitting-room is a big room. There is a large picture on the wall. There are two comfortable armchairs, a TV set and a bookcase in this room. On a small coffee table there is a beautiful vase. There is a nice carpet on the floor. The dining-room is a pleasant room

with a dark wooden table and six chairs. There is a red lamp which gives a warm colour to the room. There are curtains on the windows. Upstairs, on the first floor, there are three bedrooms, a bathroom and a lavatory. As you see, Mr. Smith has a comfortable house where he can work and have a good rest.

Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Does Mr. Smith live in a flat or in the house?
2. Is it far from the centre of the city?
3. There is a big garden around it, isn't there?
4. The house is one-storied, isn't it?
5. What rooms are there on the ground floor of the house?
6. Is the sitting-room big?
7. What is there in the sitting-room?
8. The dining-room is not a pleasant room, is it?
9. What gives a warm colour to the dining-room?
10. What rooms are there upstairs?

Впр. 9. Заповніть пропуски словами з тексту:

1. Mr. Smith lives in a very nice _____. 2. It is a short walk to the _____ of the city. 3. There is a big _____ around it. 4. The house is _____. 5. _____, on the ground floor, there is a _____, a _____, a _____ and Mr. Smith's _____. 6. Their _____ is a big room. 7. There is a large picture on the _____. 8. There are two _____ armchairs, a TV set and a _____ in this room. 9. On a small _____ there is a beautiful vase. 10. There is a nice _____ on the floor. 11. The _____ is a pleasant room with a dark wooden table and six _____. 12. There is a red _____ which gives a warm colour to the room. 13. There are _____ on the windows. 14. _____, on the first floor, there are three _____, a _____ and a _____.

Впр. 10. Перекладіть словосполучення українською:

- a nice house –
- the centre of the city –
- a big garden –
- a two-storied house –
- on the ground floor –
- a big sitting-room –
- a small kitchen –
- a light hall –
- Mr. Smith's study –

on the wall –
a comfortable armchair –
a large bookcase –
a small coffee table –
a nice carpet –
a pleasant dining-room –
a dark wooden table –
six chairs –
a red lamp –
beautiful curtains –
on the window –
on the first floor –
a comfortable bedroom –
a nice bathroom –
a small lavatory –

Впр. 11. Випишіть з тексту слова, що описують вітальню і їдальню в будинку містера Сміта. Використайте їх для опису вітальні/їдальні у вашій квартирі/будинку.

Граматичний матеріал

Прийменники місця

in – в, на (in the garden, house, room, street)
on – на (на поверхні) (on the roof, floor, table, shelf)
behind – за (behind the door, wall, tree)
in front of – перед (in front of the house, window, shop, garden)
opposite – навпроти (the door, house, window, wall, room)
near – поряд, біля (the house, shop, café, table, chair)
under – під (the roof, tree, table, chair)
up – вверху (the stairs, downstairs)
down – вниз (the stairs, upstairs)
between – між (two houses, the wall and the table)
next to – поряд з (the house, shop, bookcase)
far from – далеко від (the centre, house, University)

Впр. 12. Заповніть пропуски в реченнях відповідними прийменниками:

1. The flat is _____ the first floor. 2. The house is _____ the main street. 3. Mr. Smith is _____ the garden. 4. Jane is _____ the tree. 5. Tom is _____ the roof. 6. She is _____, on the ground floor. 7. We are _____, on the first floor.

8. They are _____ the cars. 9. The chair is _____ the table. 10. There is a garden _____ the house. 11. There is a garage _____ the house. 12. _____ our house there is a cinema. 13. _____ to my flat there is a lift. 14. The new shop is _____ my windows. 15. My house is far _____ the city centre.

Впр. 13. Підберіть до словосполучень українські відповідники:

on the first floor	у квартирі
to go upstairs	поряд з моєю кімнатою
to be between the armchairs	далеко від парку
behind the house	навпроти хола
in front of the house	під столом
near the shop	йти вниз по сходам
next to my room	на підлозі
far from the park	бути між кріслами
to go downstairs	біля магазину
opposite the hall	за будинком
under the table	перед будинком
on the floor	йти вверх сходами
in the flat	на другому поверсі

Впр. 14. Перекладіть українською:

1. На першому поверсі розташовані дві квартири.
2. Йдіть вверх сходами на другий поверх.
3. Стол стоїть між двома кріслами.
4. За нашим будинком знаходиться гараж.
5. Перед будинком знаходиться невеличкий садок.
6. Біля магазину знаходиться кафе.
7. Поряд з моєю кімнатою знаходиться кімната моєї сестри.
8. Наш будинок знаходиться далеко від парку.
9. Я йду вниз сходами до моєї квартири.
10. Напротив холла знаходиться двері в гостиную.
11. Під столом лежить ковёр.
12. На полу лежить ковёр.
13. В квартире 3 комнаты, кухня, туалет и ванная.

Читання 1.2

Прочитайте правильно слова. Знайдіть їх у тесті та випишіть речення, де вжито ці слова. Перекладіть речення українською.

door /dɔ:/ – двері

flat – квартира
 attic /Ἀ{τἰκ/ – чердак
 cellar /Ἀσελῆ/ – підвал
 garage /Ἀγ{ρΑ:Z/ – гараж
 stairs /στΕῖζ/ – сходи
 living-room /Ἀλἰπἰν Ἀρυ:μ/ – вітальня
 toilet /ἈτΟἰλῆτ/ – туалет
 block of flats – багатоквартирний будинок
 brick – цегла, цегляний
 stone – камінь, камінний
 fence /φενσ/ – огорожа
 gate – ворота
 ceiling /σι:λἰν/ – стеля
 building /Ἀβἰλδἰν/ – будівля
 balcony /Ἀβ{λκῆνἰ/ – балкон
 middle /Ἀμἰδλ/ – середина, центр
 on the left-hand / right-hand side – ліворуч, праворуч
 to decorate /Ἀδεκῆ%ρεἰτ/ – прикрашати
 wallpaper /ἈωΟ:λ%πεἰπῆ/ – шпалери
 furniture suite /Ἀφ3:νἰτΣῆ/ /σωἰ:τ/ – меблевий гарнітур
 well-furnished /%ωελ Ἀφ3:νἰΣτ/ – добре умебльований
 built-in – вбудований (про меблі)
 conveniences /κῆνἈπἰ:νἰῆσ/ – зручності
 central heating /Ἀσεντρῆλ/ /Ἀηἰ:τἰν/ – центральне опалення
 gas /γ{ζ/ – газ
 electricity /%ἰλεκἈτρἰσῆτἰ/ – світло, електроенергія
 running /Ἀρςνἰн/ cold and hot water – водогін
 telephone /Ἀτελἰ%φῆYν/ – телефон
 lift – ліфт
 rubbish chute /ἈρςβἰΣ/ /ἈΣυ:τ/ – смітєвий провід
 spacious /ἈσπεἰΣῆσ/ – просторий

Прочитайте текст і перекладіть його українською:

OUR FLAT

We live in the city. Our **block of flats** is a short walk from the bus stop. We live in the **nine-storied brick** house. Our flat is on the fourth floor. Our flat is spacious and has all **modern conveniences: central heating, gas, electricity, running cold and hot**

water, a telephone, a lift and a chute. There are three rooms, a kitchen, a bathroom, a hall and a toilet in our flat.

First there is a small hall with a mirror and a small table with a telephone on it. The three rooms of our flat are: a living-room, my parents' bedroom, my room. The walls in the rooms are decorated with wallpaper of different colours. It is the largest and most comfortable room with a balcony. There is a thick carpet on the floor in the living-room. In the **middle** of the room there is a table with some chairs around it. There is a sofa with two armchairs, a low table with a TV set **on the left-hand side** of the room. **On the right-hand side** there is a modern **furniture suite**.

My parents' bedroom is smaller and not so light. There are two beds, a wardrobe, a dressing-table and a stool near it. Opposite the beds there is a small TV set on the bedside table. Above the beds there is a beautiful picture on the wall.

The kitchen is modern and light. It is **well-furnished**. There is a cooker, a fridge, a deep sink, **built-in** cupboards and a dinner table with four chairs under it.

The room I like the best is my room. It is not large but nice and cozy. I spend much time there.

Оберіть вірні (В) і невірні (Н) твердження:

1. Our block of flats is a short walk from the bus stop.
2. We live in the two-storied brick house.
3. Our flat has all modern conveniences: running cold and hot water, a telephone, a lift and a chute.
4. There are three rooms, a dining-room, a nursery, a kitchen, a bathroom, a hall and a toilet in our flat.
5. The walls in the rooms are decorated with wallpaper of different colours.
6. In the middle of the living-room there is a table with some chairs around it.
7. On the left-hand side of the living-room there is a modern furniture suite.
8. In my parents' bedroom there are two beds, a wardrobe, a dressing-table and a stool near it.
9. The kitchen is modern and well-furnished.
10. My room is large, nice and cozy.

Дайте відповіді на питання до тексту:

1. Is the flat large or small?
2. What floor is the flat on?
3. The flat is in the nine-storied brick house, isn't it?
4. How many rooms are there in the flat?
5. Is there a modern furniture suite or a wardrobe in the living-room?
6. What room is the smallest one?

7. Are the walls decorated with wallpaper or painted?
8. What modern conveniences are there in the flat?
9. What is there opposite the beds in the parents' bedroom?
10. The kitchen is old and dark, isn't it?
11. Why is the kitchen modern and well-furnished?

Впр. 15. Заповніть пропуски словами з тексту:

1. Our _____ is a short walk from the bus stop. 2. We live in the _____ brick house. 3. Our flat is large and has all modern conveniences: central _____, gas, _____, running cold and hot water, a telephone, a lift and a _____. 4. First there is a small hall with a mirror and a small table with a _____ on it. 5. The walls in the rooms are decorated with _____ of different colours. 6. It is the largest and most comfortable room with a _____. 7. There is a thick _____ on the floor in the living-room. 8. In the _____ of the room there is a table with some chairs around it. 9. There is a sofa with two armchairs, a low table with a TV set on the _____ side of the room. 10. On the right-hand side there is a modern _____. 11. My parents' _____ is smaller and not so light. 12. There are two beds, a wardrobe, a _____ and a stool near it. 13. _____ the beds there is a small TV set on the bedside table. 14. _____ the beds there is a beautiful picture on the wall. 15. The _____ is modern and light. 16. It is well-_____. 17. There is a cooker, a fridge, a deep sink, _____ cupboards and a dinner table with four chairs under it. 18. My room is not large but nice and _____.

Впр. 16. Дайте відповіді на питання, використовуючи тематичу лексику.

- a room where you take a shower?
- a room where you sleep?
- a room where you cook and have meals?
- a room where you have rest, watch TV, receive guests?
- a flat which consists of three rooms?
- a building which consists of many floors?

Впр. 17 а. Вивчіть нові слова і складіть з ними свої приклади.

Furniture

Living-room

- sofa /ˈsəʊfə/ – диван
- chair /tʃeə/ – стул, armchair /ˈɑːmˌtʃeə/ – крісло
- table /ˈteɪbl/ – стол, coffee table – журнальний столик
- furniture suite /ˈfɜːnɪtʃər/ – меблевий гарнітур

carpet /ᵛκΑ:π□t/ – килим
TV set – телевізор
picture /ᵛπIkτΣ≡/ – картина
standard lamp /ᵛστ{vδ≡δ/ /ᵛλ{μπ/ – торшер
chandelier /%Σ{vδ≡ᵛλI≡/ – люстра
curtains /ᵛκ3:tvζ/ – фіранки

Bed-room

bed – кровать, rug – килимок
double bed /ᵛδςβλ/ – двуспальне ліжко
wardrobe /ᵛωΟ:δρ≡Υβ/ – шафа для одєжі
dressing /ᵛδρεσIN/ table – трюмо, дзеркало з тумбочкою
bedside cabinet /ᵛβεδσαIδ/ /ᵛκ{βIv≡τ/ – тумбочка біля ліжка
a chest of drawers /ᵛτΣεστ/ /δρΟ:/ – комод для одєжі

Kitchen

sink unit /ᵛφυ:vIt/ – мийка
sink – раковина
dinner table – обідній стіл
stool /στυ:λ/ – табурет
fridge /φρIδZ/ – холодильник
cooker/ᵛκΥκ≡/ – кухонна плита
cupboard /ᵛκςβ≡δ/ – шафа для посуду
dishwasher /ᵛδIΣ%ωΘΣ≡/ – посудомий машина

Study

bookcase /ᵛβΥκ%κεIσ/ – книжкова шафа
desk – письмовий стіл
computer /κ≡μᵛπφυ:τ≡/ – комп'ютер
photo – фотографія

Bathroom

mirror /ᵛμIρ≡/ – дзеркало
washbasin /ᵛωΘΣ%βεIσv/ – раковина
towel rail /ᵛταΥ≡λ/ /ρεIλ/ – вішак для рушника
bath tub /βΑ:T/ – ванна
washing machine /ᵛωΘΣIN/ /μ≡ᵛΣι:v/ – пральна машина
mixer /ᵛμIkσ≡/ tap – змішувач, кран
soap dish /σ≡Υπ/ – мильниця

bath mat – килимок для ванної

Hall

stand – вішак для одєжі

shelf – поличка

hall mirror – дзеркало

coat hanger /κ≡Yτ/ /∇η{N≡/ – вішак

chest of drawers for shoes – комок для взуття

Впр. 17 б. Заповніть пропуски:

1. We live in a two-_____ flat. 2. They sleep in a large light _____. 3. When you open the door you come into the _____. 4. In my _____ there is a desk with a computer, a chair, some bookshelves and a sofa. 5. There are no _____ in the bathroom. 6. There is a _____ on the washbasin. 7. There are some _____ on the wall in my room. 8. In the kitchen there is a _____, a fridge, a _____ and a dinner table. 9. I put my shoes into the _____. 10. We wash our clothes in the _____. 11. My mother washes dirty cups and plates in the _____. 12. In our bedroom there is a double bed, a _____ and a _____. 13. In the right-hand corner there is a _____ lamp and a _____-table. 14. In the living-room there is a modern furniture _____. 15. There is a nice _____ in the ceiling. 16. There is no _____ on the floor. 17. Near my bed there is a _____. 18. In the wardrobe there are several coat _____. 19. There are nice _____ on the window. 20. Above the bath tub there is a _____ tap.

Впр. 17 в. Розподіліть слова у відповідні колонки:

bookshelves, a soap dish, a cupboard, a computer, a wardrobe, a dressing stool, a dining table, a washing machine, a standard lamp, a fridge, a cooker, a towel rail, a bath tub, a coffee table, a desk, curtains, a dishwasher, chandelier, a mirror, telephone, chest of drawers for shoes, coat hanger, bath mat, hall mirror, double bed, a chest of drawers.

Living-room	Bedroom	Study	Kitchen	Bathroom	Hall

Впр. 17 г. Які меблі є у:

living room?

bedroom?

kitchen?

study?

bathroom?

hall?

Впр. 18. Перекладіть українською:

1. Наша квартира знаходиться на другому поверсі дев'ятиповерхового будинку.
2. Наша родина живе у трикімнатній квартирі з усіма зручностями.
3. В нашому будинку є водогін, світло, сміттєпровід, центральне опалення і газ.
4. В нашій квартирі є сучасні меблі.
5. У квартирі моїх батьків є вітальня, спальня, кабінет, кухня, ванна кімната, туалет, передпокій.
6. Я живу в однокімнатній квартирі, де немає спальні та кабінету.
7. На нашій кухні є мийка, шафа для посуду, холодильник і обідній стіл, але там немає посудомийної машини.
8. Моя кімната сама маленька, тому там є лише ліжко, письмовий стіл і декілька книжкових полицок.
9. У холі знаходиться комод для взуття, вішак для одягу та дзеркало.
10. У ванній кімнаті стоїть ванна, раковина і пральна машина. Над раковиною висить дзеркало. Поряд із дзеркалом на стіні є вішак для рушників.
11. У спальні біля трюмо стоїть стілець. Напроти трюмо стоїть двуспальне ліжко з двома тумбочками ліворуч і праворуч.
12. Перед ліжком лежить килимок.
13. Біля стіни стоїть шафа для одягу з декількома вішачками.
14. У вітальні на журнальному столику лежать декілька журналів і книг.
15. Коли до мене приходять друзі, я веду їх в свою простору кімнату, де є зручний диван і крісла.
16. Він не хоче жити в старому будинку без зручностей.
17. Моя бабуся живе в маленькому будинку в селі. В її будинку немає водогону і сміттєпроводу.
18. У кабінеті батька на столі знаходиться комп'ютер, а над столом висять декілька фотографій. Поряд зі столом стоїть книжкова шафа.
19. Я приймаю душ у ванній кімнаті кожного ранку.
20. Мама готує їжу на плиті кожного дня.
21. Ми кладемо їжу й напої у холодильник.

Аудіювання 1.1

Прослухайте та прочитайте діалог за диктором. Звертайте увагу на виділені нові слова. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах.

- This is a nice flat, Miss Wilkins. Here is a plan.
- Mmm....
- There's a **living-room**. There is a **kitchen**, a **bedroom**, a **bathroom** and there's a **toilet**.
- Is there a **balcony**?
- No, there isn't.
- and a **telephone**?
- No, there isn't a telephone. Well, here is the kitchen.
- Hmm... it's very small.
- Yes, it isn't very large, but there's a **cooker** and a **fridge**. There are some **cupboards** under the **sink**.
- Are there any plates?
- Yes, there are.
- Good. Are there any **chairs** in here?
- No, there aren't, but there are some in the living-room.
- Hmm. There aren't any glasses!
- Yes, there are! They're in the cupboard.
- ... and er.... where's the toilet?

Впр. 19. Заповніть пропуски словами з таблиці.

living-room	cooker	toilet	cupboards	fridge
telephone	chairs	sink	kitchen	balcony

- This is a nice flat, Miss Wilkins. Here is a plan.
- Mmm....
- There's a _____. There is a _____, a bedroom, a bathroom and there's a _____.
- Is there a _____?
- No, there isn't.
- and a _____?
- No, there isn't a telephone. Well, here is the kitchen.
- Hmm... it's very small.
- Yes, it isn't very large, but there's a _____ and a _____. There are some _____ under the _____.
- Are there any plates?

- Yes, there are.
- Good. Are there any _____ in here?
- No, there aren't, but there are some in the living-room.
- Hmm. There aren't any glasses!
- Yes, there are! They're in the cupboard.
- ... and er.... where's the toilet?

Впр. 20. Оберіть правильний варіант та підкресліть його. Прослухайте діалог для перевірки. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах.

- This is a nice flat/house, Miss Wilkins. Here is a plan.
- Mmm....
- There's a living-room/bedroom. There is a kitchen/hall, a bedroom/nursery, a bathroom and there's a toilet.
- Is there a balcony/pantry?
- No, there isn't.
- and a telephone?
- No, there isn't a telephone/TV set. Well, here is the kitchen.
- Hmm... it's very small/large.
- Yes, it isn't very large, but there's a cooker/sink and a fridge/table. There are some cupboards/chairs under the sink.
- Are there any plates/cups?
- Yes, there are.
- Good. Are there any chairs/bookcases in here?
- No, there aren't, but there are some in the living-room.
- Hmm. There aren't any glasses!
- Yes, there are! They're in the cupboard/wardrobe.
- ... and er.... where's the toilet/study?

Впр. 21. Поставте репліки у логічному порядку. Відпрацюйте читання діалогу у парах:

- This is a nice flat, Miss Wilkins. Here is a plan.
- ... and er.... where's the toilet?
- There's a living-room. There is a kitchen, a bedroom, a bathroom and there's a toilet.
- Yes, there are! They're in the cupboard.
- Hmm. There aren't any glasses!
- and a telephone?
- Yes, there are.
- Good. Are there any chairs in here?

- Yes, it isn't very large, but there's a cooker and a fridge. There are some cupboards under the sink.
- Mmm....
- No, there isn't a telephone. Well, here is the kitchen.
- Hmm... it's very small.
- No, there aren't, but there are some in the living-room.
- No, there isn't.
- Is there a balcony?
- Are there any plates?

Впр. 22. Накресліть план вашої квартири. Опишіть вашу квартиру за планом.

Впр. 23. Складіть діалог, використовуючи слова та словосполучення: a small hall, a large flat, on the second floor, a modern kitchen, a light living-room, built-in furniture, a spacious living-room, under the sink unit, a stand, a cosy bedroom, a toilet, modern conveniences, nice furniture suite, a standard lamp, a sofa, a double bed.

Читання 1.3

Прочитайте правильно слова. Знайдіть слова у тексті і випишіть речення, де вжито ці слова. Перекладіть речення українською.

- private /ˈpraɪvət/ – приватний
 to look out on – виходить на
 necessary /ˈnesəsəri/ – необхідний
 to take (much, little) space – займати (багато, мало) місця, простору
 a drawer /ˈdraʊər/ – шухляда
 on the left/right – ліворуч/праворуч
 a corner /ˈkɔːnər/ – куток
 shade /ʃeɪd/ – абажур
 beside – поряд
 a poster /ˈpɒstər/ – плакат
 to invite /ɪnˈvaɪt/ – запрошувати
 turn on /ˈtɜːn/ – вмикати

Прочитайте та перекладіть текст українською:
 MY ROOM

My family lives in a **private** house with all modern conveniences. The room I like best is mine. I use my room as a study and a bedroom. It is very nice and cosy. The window in my room **looks out on** the street. There is not much furniture in it, only the most **necessary**. The built-in furniture doesn't **take much space** in the room. **On the left** there is my bed and a desk. The desk has a lot of **drawers** where I keep my text-books, notes, pens, pencils and other necessary things. **On the right** there is a sofa and a built-in wardrobe. In the right **corner** there is a comfortable armchair. **Beside** it stands a standard lamp with a blue **shade**. I like **to turn on** the standard lamp, sit in the armchair and read an interesting book or listen to music. There are some shelves with books in my room. You can see English and Ukrainian books there. There is a big thick carpet on the floor. There are some **posters** with my favourite singers on the wall. I like my room very much. When my friends come to my place, I **invite** them to my room.

Визначте вірні (В) і невірні (Н) твердження:

1. My family lives in a private house with all modern conveniences.
2. I use my room as a bedroom.
3. The window in my room looks out on the river.
4. The built-in furniture takes much space in the room.
5. On the left there is a desk where I keep my text-books, notes, pens, pencils and other necessary things.
6. On the left there is a sofa and a built-in wardrobe.
7. In the right corner there is a comfortable armchair.
8. There are some shelves with English and Ukrainian books there.
9. There are some pictures with my favourite singers on the wall.
10. There is a standard lamp with a blue shade, which I like to turn on and read an interesting book.

Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Where does the family live?
2. How is the room used?
3. Where does the window look out?
4. Does the furniture take much space?
5. What is there on the left?
6. What is there in the desk?
7. What is there on the right?
8. Where is a standard lamp?
9. What is there on the shelves?
10. Is there a thick carpet on the wall?
11. There are some posters with my favourite singers on the wall, aren't there?

12. When my friends come to my place, I invite them to our living-room, don't I?

Впр. 24. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

My family lives in a _____ house with all modern _____. The room I like best is _____. I use my room as a _____ and a bedroom. It is very nice and _____. The window in my room _____ out on the street. There is not much furniture in it, only the most _____. The built-in furniture doesn't take much _____ in the room. On the _____ there is my bed and a desk. The desk has a lot of _____ where I keep my text-books, notes, pens, pencils and other necessary things. On the _____ there is a sofa and a _____ wardrobe. In the right _____ there is a comfortable armchair. _____ it stands a standard lamp with a blue _____. I like to _____ the standard lamp, sit in the armchair and read an interesting book or listen to music. There are some _____ with books in my room. You can see English and Ukrainian _____ there. There is a big thick _____ on the floor. There are some _____ with my favourite singers on the wall. I like my room very _____. When my friends come to my place, I _____ them to my room.

Впр. 25. Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Do you like your room?
2. Is your room large or small?
3. Your room is spacious, isn't it?
4. Does the window look out on the street or garden?
5. Are there any curtains on the window?
6. Is there much furniture in it?
7. There is only the most necessary furniture in your room, isn't there?
8. Do you have any bookshelves in your room?
9. What is there in the right corner?
10. What is there in the left corner?
11. Do you have a carpet on the floor?
12. There are some family photos on the wall in your room, aren't there?
13. Is there a bed or a sofa in your room?
14. Is there a wardrobe beside the wall?
15. There is no bookcase in your room, is there?

Впр. 26. Намалюйте план вашої кімнати, опишіть кімнату за планом.

Впр. 27. Подивіться на план кімнати партнера та обговоріть його/її кімнату.

Впр. 28. Використовуючи плани вашої квартири/будинку, напишіть твір про місце, де ви живете. Вкажіть, чому вам подобається/не подобається кімната/квартира, як ви проводите час вдома: to study, to have a rest, to take a shower, a spacious flat, a nice living-room, a cosy study, a light bathroom, a large hall, built-in furniture, a wooden wardrobe, bookshelves, on the wall, on the right, on the left, in the middle, in the corner, on the floor, beside the sofa, near the bookcase, above the bed, under the table, in front of the bath tub, on the bedside cabinet.

РОЗДІЛ 2 UNIT 2

РОБОЧИЙ ДЕНЬ WORKING DAY

Вивчіть нові слова ДНІ ТИЖНЯ DAYS OF WEEK

Приклади		Транскрипція	Переклад
Today is	Sunday.	/ʌσςvδεI/	Сьогодні – неділя.
	Monday.	/ʌμςvδεI/	Сьогодні – понеділок.
	Tuesday.	/ʌτφυ:ζδεI/	Сьогодні – вівторок.
	Wednesday.	/ʌωενζδεI/	Сьогодні – середа.
It is	Thursday.	/ʌT3:ζδεI/	Сьогодні – четвер.
	Friday.	/ʌφραIδεI/	Сьогодні – п'ятниця.
	Saturday.	/ʌσ{τ≡δεI/	Сьогодні – субота.

Впр. 1. Відпрацюйте за прикладом нові слова у парах:

Приклад: What day is it today? – Today/It is Sunday.

What day is it today? – Today/It is...

What day is the 11th of February? – It is...

What day is the 15th of February? – It is...

What day is the 8th of March? – It is...

What day is the 21st of March? – It is...

Прочитайте виразно вірш, зверніть увагу на нові слова:

Days of the Week

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday too.

Wednesday, Thursday just for you.

Friday, Saturday that's the end.

Now let's say those days again!

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,

Thursday, Friday, Saturday!

Впр. 2. Заповніть пропуски у вірші:

Days of the Week

Sunday, _____, Tuesday too.

_____, Thursday just for you.

Friday, _____ that's the end.
 Now let's say those days again!
 _____, Monday, _____, Wednesday,
 _____, Friday, Saturday!

Впр. 3. Розташуйте у логічній послідовності рядки вірша та вивчіть його напам'ять:

Days of the Week

Thursday, Friday, Saturday!
 Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
 Now let's say those days again!
 Wednesday, Thursday just for you.
 Friday, Saturday that's the end.
 Sunday, Monday, Tuesday too.

МІСЯЦІ РОКУ MONTHS OF YEAR

Приклади		Транскрипція	Переклад
It is	January now.	/ʋδZ{ vφυ≡ρι/	Зараз – січень.
	February now.	/ʋφεβρυ≡ρι/	Зараз – лютий.
	March now.	/μA:τΣ/	Зараз – березень.
	April now.	/ʋεIπρ≡λ/	Зараз – квітень.
	May now.	/μεI/	Зараз – травень.
	June now.	/δZυ:v/	Зараз – червень.
	July now.	/δZYʋλaI/	Зараз – липень.
	August now.	/ʋO:γ≡στ/	Зараз – серпень.
	September now.	/σεπʋτεμβ≡/	Зараз – вересень.
	October now.	/Θκʋτ≡Yβ≡/	Зараз – жовтень.
	November now.	/v≡Yʋπεμβ≡/	Зараз – листопад.
	December now.	/δIʋσεμβ≡/	Зараз – грудень.

Впр. 4. Відпрацюйте за прикладом нові слова у парах:

Приклад: What month is it now? – It is May now

What is the first month of the year? – It is...

What is the fourth month of the year? – It is...

What is the eighth month of the year? – It is...

What is the sixth month of the year? – It is...

What is the ninth month of the year? – It is...

What is the last month of the year? – It is ...

What is the seventh month of the year? – It is...

What is the tenth month of the year? – It is ...

What is the second month of the year? – It is...
What is the third month of the year? – It is ...
What is the fifth month of the year? – It is...
What is the shortest month of the year? – It is...

Прочитайте виразно вірш, зверніть увагу на виділені слова:

The Months of the Year
January, February, March,
April, May, June.
July, August, September,
October, November, December.
These are twelve months of the year.
Now sing them together so we can all hear.
How many months are there in a year?
Twelve months in a year.

Впр. 5. Заповніть пропуски у вірші:

The Months of the Year
_____, February, _____,
_____, May, _____.
July, _____, _____,
October, _____, December.
These are twelve months of the year.
Now sing them together so we can all hear.
How many months are there in a year?
Twelve months in a year.

Впр. 6. Розташуйте рядки вірша у логічній послідовності, вивчіть вірш напам'ять:

The Months of the Year
How many months are there in a year?
January, February, March,
April, May, June.
Twelve months in a year.
Now sing them together so we can all hear.
October, November, December.
These are twelve months of the year.
July, August, September

ДАТИ DATES

Приклади					Переклад	
Today is It is	the	1st	first	of	January	Сьогодні – перше січня.
		2nd	second		February	Сьогодні –друге лютого.
		3d	third		March	Сьогодні – третє березня.
		5th	fifth		April	Сьогодні – п’яте квітня.
		8th	eighth		May	Сьогодні – восьме травня.
		9th	ninth		June	Сьогодні – дев’яте червня.
		12th	twelfth		October	Сьогодні – дванадцять жовтня.
		23d	twenty-third		November	Сьогодні – двадцять третє листопада.
		30th	thirtieth		December	Сьогодні – тридцять грудня.
		27th	twenty-seventh		July	Сьогодні – двадцять сьоме липня.
		13th	thirteenth		September	Сьогодні – тринадцять вересня.
		31st	thirty-first		August	Сьогодні – тридцять перше ерпня.

Впр. 7. Відпрацюйте вживання нової лексики у парах за прикладом:

Приклад: What is the date today? – It/Today is the first of May.

What date is it?

What is the date today? – Today is the _____ of _____.

What date is it? – It is the _____ of _____.

Як читаються дати:

Приклад: 25th January 1992 – The twenty fifth of January, nineteen ninety two.

14th April 2000 – The fourteenth of April, two thousand.

1st November 2005 – The first of November, two thousand and five.

Впр. 8. Напишіть словами і прочитайте дати:

27.06.1953

8.05.1998

27.04.1975

13.02.2000

2.12.2001

5.11.2010

3.01.2008

30.03.1987

16.08.1999

19.10.2015

22.07.2018

17.09.1456

Впр. 9. Відпрацюйте нову лексику з партнером за прикладом:

Приклад: What date is your birthday? – It is (I was born on) the twentieth of August.

What date is your birthday? – It is the _____ of _____.

What date is your birthday? – I was born on the _____ of _____.

Читання 2.1

Відпрацюйте діалог у парах:

- Excuse me!
- Yes?
- It is the twenty third of April, isn't it?
- Yes. You are right. Yesterday it was the twenty second of April.
- And what is the day today?
- It is Thursday.
- Thank you.
- Not at all.

Впр. 10. Заповніть пропуски словами з таблиці.

April	twenty	was	Thursday	Excuse
today	Not	third	Thank	right

- me!
- Yes?
- It is the twenty of, isn't it?
- Yes. You are Yesterday it the second of April.
- And what is the day
- It is
- you.
- at all.

Впр. 11. Підкресліть правильний варіант, прочитайте виразно діалог:

- Excuse/Sorry me!
- Yes/Pardon?
- It is the/a twenty third of April, are/isn't it?
- Yes/No. You are right. Yesterday/Today it was the twenty second of April.
- And what/who is the day today?
- It is Thursday/Friday.
- Thank/See you.

- Not at all/everything.

Впр. 12. Доповніть діалог новою лексикою та відпрацюйте його у парах:

- Excuse me!
- Yes?
- It is the of, isn't it?
- Yes. You are right. Yesterday it was the of
- And what is the day today?
- It is
- Thank you.
- Not at all.

Впр. 13. Дайте відповіді на питання, використовуючи тематичну лексику:

What season is it now?

What is the second season of the year?

What is the third day of the week?

What is the second day of the week?

What is the fifth day of the week?

What is the fourth day of the week?

What is the first season of the year?

What is the third season of the year?

What is the fourth season of the year?

What is the sixth day of the week?

What is the last day of the week?

What season is the warmest?

What season is the coldest?

ЧАС

TIME

Вивчіть нові слова:

minute /ˈmɪnɪt/ – хвилина (60 секунд)

hour /aʊər/ – година (60 хвилин)

second /ˈsekənd/ – секунда

a.m. – до опівдня, ранку; p.m. – опівді, вечора

week /wi:k/ – тиждень

evening /ˈiːvɪŋ/ – вечір

morning /ˈmɔːnɪŋ/ – ранок

afternoon /ˈɑːftəˈnuːn/ – опівдні

night /naɪt/ – ніч

o'clock /≡∇κλΘκ/ – годин (про час)
 quarter /∇κωΟ:τ≡/ – чверть (15 хвилин)
 half /ηΑ:φ/ – половина (30 хвилин)
 midnight /∇μΙδ%ναιτ/ – опівночі

Приклади					Переклад
It is/It's	1.00	one	o'clock	a.m.	Година ночі/опівдні.
	2.05	five minutes past two.			П'ять хвилин на третю.
	9.25	twenty five minutes past ten.			Двадцять п'ять хвилин на десяту.
	3.15	a quarter past three.			Чверть на четверту.
	7.30	half past seven.			Половина восьмого.
	10.35	thirty five minutes to nine.			Без двадцяти п'яти дев'ять.
	5.40	twenty minutes to six.			Без двадцяти шість.
	10.45	a quarter to eleven.			Без чверті на одинадцату.

Впр. 14. Відпрацюйте нову лексику у парах за прикладом:

Приклад: What time is it now? – It is two a.m.

What is the time now? – It is half past seven.

What time is it now? – It is _____ a.m.

What is the time now? – It is _____ p.m.

Читання 2.2

Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах:

- Excuse me!
- Yes?
- What is the time?
- It is 4 p.m.
- Thanks a lot!
- Not at all!

Впр. 15. Підкресліть правильний варіант. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах:

- Excuse/Good morning me!
- Yes/What?
- What is the time/hour?
- It/That is 4 p.m.
- Thanks/Bye a lot!
- Not/Well at all!

Впр. 16. Доповніть діалог новою лексикою, відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах:

- Excuse me!
- Yes?
- What is the _____?
- It is _____ .m.
- Thanks a lot!
- Not at all!

Граматичний матеріал

Прийменники часу

Prepositions of time

AT

at nine o'clock – о дев'ятій годині

at midnight – о півночі

at night – вночі

at Christmas – на Різдво

at the weekend – на вихідних

at the moment – на даний момент

IN

in 2018 – в 2018 (у дві тисячі вісімнадцятому році)

in January – у січні

in the afternoon – опівдні

in the morning – зранку

in the evening – ввечері

in winter/spring/summer/autumn – взимку/навесні/влітку/восени

ON

on Wednesday – у середу

on Mondays – по понеділках

on my birthday – на мій день народження

on Tuesday morning/evening – у вівторок зранку/ввечері

on the 10th of October – 10 жовтня

Впр. 17. Вставте *on, at, in* у словосполучення:

_____ the weekend

_____ 6 o'clock

_____ Friday

_____ Christmas

_____ 1978

_____ night

_____ Sunday evening
_____ the 5th of March
_____ April
_____ the evening

_____ the 12th of November
_____ my birthday
_____ summer
_____ midnight

Впр. 18. Розбийте слова на три групи:

8 o'clock, night, 10.45, the afternoon, Thursday, my sister's birthday, May, Saturday afternoon, 2010, spring, afternoon, the 4th of October, Christmas.

ON	AT	IN

Впр. 19. Перекладіть англійською:

о четвертій годині
опів на шосту
без чверті три
чверть на п'яту
п'ять хвилин на шосту
опівдні
без десяти хвилин друга
на Різдво
увечері
зранку
влітку
у жовтні
на твій день народження
у 2019
вночі
опівночі
по неділях
у середу
по вихідних
на даний момент

Впр. 20. Вставте *on, at, in*.

1. I get up _____ seven o'clock or _____ a quarter past seven. 2. _____ Sundays he gets up _____ nine o'clock or _____ half past nine. 3. Yesterday I got up _____ afternoon.

4. I finished doing my homework ____ midnight. 5. My birthday is ____ the ninth of July. 6. The academic year begins ____ the first of September. 7. ____ the sixth of January Ukrainians celebrate Christmas. 8. ____ Wednesday morning we go to University very early. 9. I entered the University ____ 2018. 10. ____ weekend we meet with our friends. 11. ____ the moment I am busy. 12. ____ summer we have our holidays. 13. ____ Christmas we go home to see our parents. 14. He comes ____ my birthday. 15. ____ night it is dark outside. 16. ____ January we have our winter holidays.

Читання 2.3

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння слів. Знайдіть їх у тексті, поданому нижче, випишіть та перекладіть речення з новими словами.

hostel /vɛθɒstəl/ – гуртожиток

to get up /gɛt/ – прокидатися, вставати з ліжка

to have a shower /vʌʃə/ – приймати душ

to brush /brʊʃ/ – чистити

to do one's hair /hɛə/ – розчесувати, укласти волосся

to make bed /meɪk/ – застеляти ліжко

to have breakfast /vʌbrɛkfst/ – снідати

to have lunch /lʌntʃ/ – обідати

to have dinner – вечеряти

to leave /li:v/ – йти, від'їжджати

lecture /lɛktʃə/ – лекція

class /klɑ:s/ – заняття, урок

to come /kʌm/ back /bæk/ – повертатися, приходити

canteen /kæn'ti:n/ – їдальня

reading-room /rɪdɪŋ ru:m/ – читальний зал

to get ready /rɛdi/ – готуватися

seminar /sə'mɪnɑ:/ – семінар, test /tɛst/ – контрольна

to do homework /vɛh'hoʊm wɜ:k/ – робити домашнє завдання

to return /rɪ'tɜ:n/ – повертатися

to make dinner /vɛdɪnə/ – готувати вечерю

to chat /tʃæt/ – розмовляти

to go to bed /bɛd/ – лягати спати

to fall /fɔ:l/ asleep /ə'sli:p/ – засинати

A DAY OF A STUDENT

Alex is 18 years old. He is a University student. He majors in English and German. He lives in the students' **hostel**. He **gets up** at 7 a.m. every day. Then he goes to the bathroom **to have a shower**, **brush** his teeth and **do his hair**. After that he **makes his bed**. Now he is ready **to have breakfast**. He has his breakfast at 7.30 a.m.

He **leaves** the hostel at 7.45 a.m. It takes him 10 minutes to walk to the University. There he meets his groupmates and they go to the lecture room together. At 8 a.m. his first **lecture** begins. Usually he has 3 **classes** a day. Sometimes he has 4 classes. So he **comes back** to the hostel at 12.30 or 2.30 p.m. It is time **to have lunch**. Alex has his lunch at the University **canteen**.

After that he has many things to do. Sometimes he goes to the **reading-room** after classes. There he **gets ready** for his **seminars**, **tests**, and German and English classes. He takes text-books, dictionaries and English books from the library. It takes him two or three hours **to do his homework**. Alex **returns** to his room in the evening. He **makes his dinner** and has it with his roommates at 8 p.m. Now he has some free time. As a rule he reads an interesting book, listens to his favourite music or **chats** with friends. At 10.00 p.m. Alex **goes to bed** and **falls asleep**.

Вкажіть вірні (В) і невірні (Н) твердження:

1. Alex gets up at 7 every day.
2. Alex has a shower, brushes his teeth and does his hair in the afternoon.
3. Alex makes his bed every morning.
4. Alex has his breakfast at 9.30 a. m.
5. Alex leaves the hostel at 7. 45 a. m.
6. At 10 a.m. his first lecture begins.
7. Alex comes back to the hostel at 2 p.m.
8. Alex has his lunch at the University canteen.
9. Alex gets ready for his seminars, tests, and German and English classes in the reading-room.
10. Alex returns to his room in the evening.
11. Alex makes his dinner and has it with his roommates at 8 p.m.
12. Alex chats with friends in the afternoon.
13. At 10.00 p.m. Alex goes to bed and falls asleep.

Впр. 21. Заповніть пропуски словами з тексту:

Alex is 18 years old. He is a _____ student. He majors in English and German. He lives in the students' _____. He gets up at 7 _____ every day. Then he goes to the bathroom to have a _____, brush his teeth and _____ his hair. After that he makes his _____. Now he is ready to have _____. He has his breakfast at 7.30 a. m. He _____ the hostel at 7. 45 a. m. It _____ him 10 minutes to walk to the University. There he meets his groupmates and they go to the _____ room together.

At _____ a.m. his first lecture begins. Usually he has 3 _____ a day. _____ he has 4 classes. So he comes _____ to the hostel at 12.30 or 2.30 _____. It is time to have _____. Alex has his lunch at the University _____. After that he has many _____ to do. Sometimes he goes to the _____-room after classes. There he gets _____ for his _____, tests, and German and English classes. He takes text-books, _____ and English books from the _____. It takes him two or three hours to do his _____. Alex _____ to his room in the evening. He _____ his dinner and has it with his _____ at 8 p.m. Now he has some _____ time. As a _____ he reads an interesting book, listens to his favourite music or _____ with friends. At 10.00 p.m. Alex goes to _____ and _____ asleep.

Впр. 22. Дайте відповіді на питання до тексту:

1. Alex gets up at 7 a. m. every day, doesn't he?
2. Does he go to the bathroom or kitchen to have a shower?
3. In the morning Alex doesn't make his bed, does he?
4. When does he have his breakfast?
5. Does he leave the hostel at 7.45 a. m?
6. How long does it take him to go to the University?
7. At 8 a.m. his first lecture begins, doesn't it?
8. How many classes a day does he have?
9. When does he come back to the hostel?
10. Does Alex have his lunch at the University canteen?
11. What does he do in the reading-room?
12. Does it take him an hour to do his homework?
13. Does Alex return to his room in the evening or afternoon?
14. What does Alex do in the evening?
15. Does Alex make his dinner or have it in the canteen?
16. At 10.00 p.m. Alex goes to bed and falls asleep, doesn't he?

Впр. 23. Вивчіть нові вирази:

Словосполучення		Переклад
to have	breakfast	Завтрак
	lunch	обедать
	dinner	ужинать
	a class/test/seminar/lecture	иметь пару/контрольную/семинар/лекцию
	a shower	принимать душ
	free time	иметь свободное время
	many things to do	иметь много дел

Впр. 23 а. Підберіть українські еквіваленти до словосполучень:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) to have breakfast | a) вечеряти |
| 2) to have lunch | b) приймати душ |
| 3) to have dinner | c) мати багато справ |
| 4) to have a class | d) мати семінар |
| 5) to have a test | e) мати вільний час |
| 6) to have a seminar | f) мати заняття/урок |
| 7) to have a lecture | g) обідати |
| 8) to have a shower | h) відвідувати лекцію |
| 9) to have free time | i) писати контрольну |
| 10) to have many things to do | j) снідати |

Впр. 23 б. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. We have _____ at 6 a.m. 2. They have a _____ in the morning.
 3. I have _____ at 1p.m. 4. He has _____ in the evening.
 5. She has three _____ every day. 6. We have a _____ in English every month.
 7. We have a _____ in History every week. 8. Have you a _____ today?
 9. He has much _____ at the weekend. 10. They have _____
 _____ to do at weekdays.

Впр. 24. Вивчіть нові вирази:

Словосполучення		Переклад
to make	bed	застеляти ліжко
	coffee/tea	приготувати каву/чай
	breakfast/lunch/dinner	приготувати сніданок/обід/вечерю
	a mistake	зробити помилку
	a noise /vOIζ/	шуміти
	a report /pI∇πO:τ/	зробити доповідь
	friends	стати друзями

Впр.24 а. Підберіть українські еквіваленти до словосполучень:

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) to make bed | a) зробити доповідь |
| 2) to make coffee | b) стати друзями |
| 3) to make tea | c) приготувати вечерю |
| 4) to make breakfast | d) шуміти |
| 5) to make lunch | e) зробити помилку |
| 6) to make dinner | f) приготувати чай |
| 7) to make a mistake | g) приготувати обід |
| 8) to make a noise | h) приготувати сніданок |
| 9) to make a report | i) приготувати каву |
| 10) to make friends | j) застеляти ліжко |

Впр. 24.б. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. I make my _____ every morning. 2. My mom makes _____ for me in the morning. 3. She makes _____ at 1 p.m. 3. We make _____ at 6 p.m. 4. They make hot _____. 5. He is making black _____. 6. She makes _____ in her tests. 7. Children make much _____. 8. The students are making a _____ in History. 9. He made _____ with his new groupmates.

Впр. 25. Вивчіть нові вирази:

Словосполучення		Переклад
to do	homework /ˈhɒməwɜːk/	робити домашнє завдання
	housework /ˈhaʊsɜːk/	робити хатню роботу
	the washing up (the dishes)	мити посуд
	the ironing /ˈaɪrənɪŋ/	прасувати
	the shopping /ˈʃɒpɪŋ/	ходити на закупи
	the cooking /ˈkʊkɪŋ/	готувати їжу
	the dusting /ˈdʌstɪŋ/	втирати пил

Впр. 25 а. Підберіть українські еквіваленти до словосполучень:

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) to do homework | a) втирати пил |
| 2) to do housework | b) ходити на закупи |
| 3) to do the washing up | c) готувати їжу |
| 4) to do the ironing | d) робити домашнє завдання |
| 5) to do the shopping | e) робити хатню роботу |
| 6) to do the cooking | f) мити посуд |
| 7) to do the dusting | g) прасувати |

Впр. 25 б. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. He does his _____ in English every day. 2. My sister does _____ in her free time. 3. My mom does the _____ after meals. 4. My granny does the _____ in the evening. 5. She does the _____ at the weekend. 6. We do the _____ three times a day. 7. She does the _____ in her room.

Впр. 26. Перекладіть українською:

- Ми готуємо кожного дня.
- Вона ходить на закупи кожної середи.
- Він робить домашнє завдання кожного дня.
- Ми помили посуд після обіду.

5. Вони роблять доповіді кожного тижня.
6. Діти дуже шумлять.
7. Він зробив помилку у творі.
8. Вона витерла пил у своїй кімнаті.
9. Мама прасує кожного тижня.
10. Вони застеляють ліжка кожного ранку.
11. Вона готує обід сама.
12. Він не готує сніданок. Він снідає у їдальні.
13. Я потоваришувала із сусідкою по кімнаті.
14. У мого батька багато справ кожного дня.
15. Вона не обідає вдома.
16. Ми вечеряємо разом з батьками.
17. Зазвичай, у неї три пари кожного дня.
18. У нас сьогодні лекція.
19. Вчора у нас був семінар з історії.
20. У неї контрольна робота з англійської мови кожного тижня.
21. Він приймає душ зранку.
22. У нас мало вільного часу.
23. Будь ласка, приготуй каву.

Впр. 27. У таблиці подано інформацію про повсякденне життя Алекса. Заповніть другу колонку інформацією про ваш день.

Time	Alex	Time	I
7.00	gets up		
7.05	has a shower, brushes his teeth, does his hair		
7. 20	makes his bed		
7.25	does morning exercises /ˈɛkʃəɪz/		
7. 30	has his breakfast		
7. 45	goes to the University		
8.00	has his lecture/first class		
9.20	break /breɪk/		
9.30	has his second class		
10.50	break		

11.00	has his third class/seminar		
12.30	has lunch		
13.00	goes to the reading-room		
13.00-18.00	does his homework		
18.30	makes his dinner		
20.00	has his dinner		
20.30	chats with friends, reads an interesting book, listens to his favourite music		
22.00	goes to bed		

Впр. 28. Використайте інформацію про розпорядок вашого дня для відповідей на питання:

1. Do you always get up at 7 a. m.?
2. When do you have shower?
3. Do you brush your teeth every day?
4. Do you make your bed in the morning or in the afternoon?
5. You do your morning exercises, don't you?
6. You don't have breakfast at 7.30a.m., do you?
7. When do you go to the University?
8. Do you have your first class at 8 or 7.45a.m.?
9. How many classes a day do you have?
10. When does your last class finish?
11. Do you go to the reading-room after classes?
12. It takes you 2 hours to do your homework, doesn't it?
13. Do you make your lunch or go to the University canteen?
14. You make your dinner by yourself, don't you?
15. When do you have dinner?
16. What do you do after dinner?
17. Do you have much free time in the evening?
18. What time do you go to bed?

Впр. 29. Заповніть пропуски у тексті. Прочитайте текст.

I am a University student. I major in _____ and German. I live in the students' _____. I _____ up at 7 a. m. every day. Then I go to the bathroom to _____ a shower, brush my teeth and _____ my hair. After that I _____ his bed. Now I am

ready to _____ breakfast. I have breakfast _____ 7.30 a. m. I _____ the hostel at 7.45 a. m. It takes me 10 minutes to walk to the _____.

There I meets my _____ and we go to the lecture room together. At 8 a.m. my first _____ begins. Usually I _____ a day. Sometimes I have 4 classes. So I _____ back to the hostel at 12.30 or 2.30 p.m. It is time to have _____. I have my lunch at the University _____.

After that I have many _____ to do. Sometimes I go to the _____ after classes. There I _____ ready for my seminars, German or English classes. I take text-books, _____ and English books from the library. It takes me two or three hours to do my _____. I _____ to my room in the evening. I _____ my dinner and have it with my roommates at 8 p.m. Now I have some _____ time. As a _____ I read an interesting book, listen to my favourite music or _____ with friends. At 10.00 p.m. I go to _____ and fall asleep.

Аудіювання 2.1

Прослухайте діалог та прочитайте його за дикторами. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах.

- Now, Duchess, tell us about an ordinary day in your life.
- Well, I wake up at seven o'clock.
- Really? Do you get up then?
- No, of course I don't get up at that time. I have breakfast in bed and read "The Times".
- What time do you get up?
- I get up at ten.
- What do you do then?
- I read the letters and dictate the replies to my secretary.
- and then?
- At eleven I walk in the garden with Philip.
- Oh! Who's Philip?
- Philip's my dog.
- What time do you have lunch?
- I have lunch at twelve thirty.
- And after lunch?
- Oh, I rest until six o'clock.
- ... and at six? What do you do at six?
- I dress for dinner. We have dinner at eight o'clock.
- What time do you go to bed?
- Well, I have a bath at nine thirty, and I go to bed at ten.

- Thank you, Duchess. You certainly have a busy and interesting life!

Впр. 30. Заповніть пропуски словами з таблиці.

breakfast	rest	have	get up
walk	go	busy	lunch

- Now, Duchess, tell us about an ordinary day in your life.
- Well, I wake up at seven o'clock.
- Really? Do you _____ then?
- No, of course I don't get up at that time. I have _____ in bed and read "The Times".
- What time do you get up?
- I get up at ten.
- What do you do then?
- I read the letters and dictate the replies to my secretary.
- and then?
- At eleven I _____ in the garden with Philip.
- Oh! Who's Philip?
- Philip's my dog.
- What time do you have lunch?
- I have lunch at twelve thirty.
- And after _____?
- Oh, I _____ until six o'clock.
- ... and at six? What do you do at six?
- I dress for dinner. We _____ dinner at eight o'clock.
- What time do you _____ to bed?
- Well, I have a bath at nine thirty, and I go to bed at ten.
- Thank you, Duchess. You certainly have a _____ and interesting life!

Впр. 31. Підкресліть правильний варіант. Прослухайте діалог та перевірте себе. Прочитайте діалогу парах.

- Now, Duchess, tell us about an ordinary/good day in your life.
- Well, I wake/stand up at seven o'clock.
- Really? Do you get/go up then?
- No, of course I don't get up at that time/hour. I have breakfast/supper in bed and read "The Times".
- What time do/are you get up?
- I get up at ten/two.
- What do you do then?
- I read the letters/books and dictate the replies to my secretary.

- and then?
- At eleven I walk/go in the garden with Philip.
- Oh! Who's Philip?
- Philip's my dog/cat.
- What time do you have/eat lunch?
- I have lunch at/in twelve thirty.
- And after/before lunch?
- Oh, I rest/sleep until six o'clock.
- ... and at six? What/why do you do at six?
- I dress for dinner. We have dinner/breakfast at eight o'clock.
- What time do you go to bed/garden?
- Well, I have a bath/shower at nine thirty, and I go to bed at ten.
- Thank you, Duchess. You certainly have a busy/easy and interesting life!

Впр. 32. Поставте репліки у логічній послідовності. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах.

- and then?
- Now, Duchess, tell us about an ordinary day in your life.
- Really? Do you get up then?
- Well, I have a bath at nine thirty, and I go to bed at ten.
- What time do you get up?
- Thank you, Duchess. You certainly have a busy and interesting life!
- And after lunch?
- I read the letters and dictate the replies to my secretary.
- Well, I wake up at seven o'clock.
- What do you do then?
- ... and at six? What do you do at six?
- Philip's my dog.
- What time do you have lunch?
- I have lunch at twelve thirty.
- At eleven I walk in the garden with Philip.
- Oh, I rest until six o'clock.
- Oh! Who's Philip?
- I dress for dinner. We have dinner at eight o'clock.
- What time do you go to bed?
- I get up at ten.
- No, of course I don't get up at that time. I have breakfast in bed and read "The Times".

Впр. 33. Складіть діалог, використовуючи подані слова та словосполучення:

What time do you go to bed? What do you do then? What time do you get up? What time do you have lunch? to leave the hostel, to come back to my room, to have a rest, to be busy, to have many things to do, to do my homework, to have three classes, to go to bed early, to have little free time, to make breakfast.

Читання 2.4.

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння слів та словосполучень. Знайдіть їх у тексті, випишіть речення з новою лексикою та перекладіть їх.

to be tired /ṽτᾱΙ≅δ/ – стомитися
about the house /ηᾱΥσ/ – у хаті
to do the cooking – готувати
to wash up – мити посуд
to dry the dishes – витирати посуд
to sweep /σωι:π/ – підмітати
broom /βρυ:μ/ – мітла
to put the things to their places – розкласти речі на свої місця
to go shopping /ṽΣΘπΙΝ/ – ходити на покупки
to do the shopping – робити покупки
to tidy /ṽτᾱΙδι/ up – прибирати, приводити до ладу
to water /ṽωΟ:τ≅/ – поливати
to clean /κλι:v/ – чистити
vacuum /ṽϖ{κφυ≅μ/ cleaner /ṽκλι:v≅/ – пи́лосос
to empty /ṽεμπτι/ the bin – вино́сити сміття
to wipe /ωᾱΙπ/ – мити, витирати
mop – швабра
to dust /δςστ/ – витирати пил; duster – ганчірка для пилу
soap /σ≅Υπ/ powder /ṽπᾱΥδ≅/ – пральний порошок
to do the ironing /ṽᾱΙ≅vΙΝ/ – прасувати
iron /ṽᾱΙ≅v/ – праска

Прочитайте та перекладіть текст українською:

HOUSEWORK IN MY FAMILY

My parents and I are busy on weekdays. Our working days begin early in the morning. My University starts at 8 a.m. In the morning my mom makes breakfast for all of us. After breakfast we leave home. My parents go to work and I go to the University.

We come back home in the evening. We **are tired**. But my mom has a lot of things to do **about the house**. She does some housework. If I have free time I always help

her. My mother **does the cooking** and I **wash up** and **dry the dishes** after dinner. Then she **sweeps** the floor with a **broom** and **puts the things to their places**. My father **goes shopping** twice a week. Sometimes I **do the shopping** on my way home.

At weekends we have more time for work about the house. I **tidy up** my room and **water** the plants. Father **cleans** the carpets with a **vacuum cleaner** and **empties the bin**. Mother **wipes** the floor with a **mop**, **dusts** the furniture with a **duster**. Then she puts our dirty clothes into the washing machine and adds some **soap powder** to wash them. When the clothes are dry my mom **does the ironing** with a hot **iron**. And I put them into the wardrobe. Now our flat is clean and tidy.

Вкажіть вірні (В) і невірні (Н) твердження:

1. In the morning mother makes breakfast for all of us.
2. All the family is tired in the evening.
3. Mother has few things to do about the house.
4. Mother doesn't do the cooking.
5. Mother doesn't put the things to their places.
6. Father goes shopping every day.
7. The author tidies up his room and waters the plants.
8. Father cleans the carpets with a mop.
9. Mother wipes the furniture with a duster.
10. Mother puts the dirty clothes into the washing machine.
11. Mother adds some soap powder to wash the dirty clothes.
12. Mother does the ironing with a dishwasher.
13. Father puts the clean clothes into the wardrobe.

Дайте відповіді на питання до тексту:

1. All the members of the family are busy on weekdays, aren't they?
2. Does mom make breakfast for all the family?
3. Are they tired or busy in the evening?
4. Does mom have a lot of things to do about the house?
5. Does mother do the cooking or washing up?
6. Who dries the dishes after dinner?
7. Who sweeps the floor with a broom?
8. Mother doesn't put the things to their places, does she?
9. What does father do twice a week?
10. When does the author tidy up his room and water the plants?
11. What does father do at the weekend?
12. Does mother or the author wipe the floor with a mop?
13. When does mother dust the furniture with a duster?

14. Does mother add some soap powder to wash the clothes?
15. How does mother do the ironing?
16. Does the author put the clothes into the wardrobe or cupboard?

Впр. 34. Заповніть пропуски у тексті:

My parents and I are _____ on weekdays. Our _____ days begin early in the morning. My _____ starts at 8 a.m. In the morning my mom _____ breakfast for all of us. After breakfast we _____ home. My parents go to _____ and I go to the University.

We come back _____ in the evening. We are _____. But my mom has a lot of _____ to do about the _____. She does some _____. If I have _____ time I always help her. My mother does the _____ and I wash up and _____ the dishes after dinner. Then she _____ the floor with a broom and _____ the things to their places. My father goes _____ twice a week. Sometimes I _____ the shopping on my way home.

At _____ we have more time for work _____ the house. I _____ up my room and _____ the plants. Father cleans the carpets with a _____ cleaner and _____ the bin. Mother _____ the floor with a mop, _____ the furniture with a duster. Then she puts our dirty clothes into the _____ machine and adds some soap powder to _____ them. When the clothes are dry my mom does the _____ with a hot iron. And I _____ them into the wardrobe. Now our flat is _____ and tidy.

Впр. 35. Доберіть українські еквіваленти до слів та словосполучень:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1) to be tired | a) мітла |
| 2) to wash up | b) прасувати |
| 3) to dry the dishes | c) підмітати |
| 4) to sweep | d) прибирати, приводити до ладу |
| 5) to put the things to their places | e) витирати посуд |
| 6) to tidy up | f) поливати |
| 7) to water | g) ганчірка для пилу |
| 8) to clean | h) швабра |
| 9) vacuum cleaner | i) чистити |
| 10) broom | j) пилосос |
| 11) to empty the bin | k) стомитися |
| 12) to wipe | l) мити, витирати |
| 13) mop | m) розкласти речі на свої місця |
| 14) to dust | n) витирати пил |
| 15) duster | o) пральний порошок |
| 16) soap powder | p) мити посуд |

17) to do the ironing

q) праска

18) iron

г) виносити сміття

Впр. 36. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. He is _____ after classes.
2. She does the _____ with an iron.
3. I wipe the floor in my room with a _____.
4. My sister _____ the plants in our flat.
5. She has a _____ to dust the furniture.
6. My mom adds _____ to wash the clothes.
7. Take a _____ and sweep the floor.
8. The floor is dirty. _____ it with a mop.
9. He _____ the bin every day.
10. She cleaned the carpets with a _____.
11. I did the washing up. _____ the dishes.
12. He _____ up his room every week.
13. Do you do the _____ after breakfast?
14. My mom _____ the floor with a broom.
15. Do you always _____ your things to their _____ ?
16. I have no duster to _____ the furniture.
17. They _____ the armchair with a _____ cleaner.
18. He has no _____. He can't do the ironing.

Впр. 37. Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Are you a tidy person?
2. Who does most of the housework in your house?
3. What kind of housework do you dislike? Why
4. What kind of housework do you like?
5. What kind of housework can you do well?
6. Do all the members of your family have any duties about the house?
7. What work about the house does your father do?
8. Your brother/sister does nothing about the house, does he/she?
9. What kind of housework does your mother do?
10. Does your grandfather/grandmother have any duties about the house?
11. Do you always help your mom about the house?
12. When do you usually tidy up your room?
13. Who goes shopping in your family?
14. Does your mother use a dishwasher?
15. Do you use a washing machine to wash your clothes?

16. What do you need to do the ironing?
17. You add some washing powder to wash your dirty clothes, don't you?

Впр. 38. Складіть та відтворіть діалог у парах, використовуючи питання та відповіді з попередньої вправи.

Впр. 39. Опишіть хатні обов'язки у вашій родині. Використовуйте подану лексику:

to have a lot of things to do about the house, to be busy, early in the morning, to be tired, to come back home, to do the cooking, to wash up, to sweep the floor, to do the shopping, to clean the carpets with a vacuum cleaner, to tidy up, to empty the bin, to wipe the floor with a mop, to dust the furniture, to wash the dirty clothes, to do the ironing, to make breakfast, to have dinner in the canteen, to go to bed, in the morning, in the evening, in the afternoon.

РОЗДІЛ 3 UNIT 3

ПОГОДА І КЛІМАТ. ДОЗВІЛЛЯ WEATHER AND CLIMATE. LEISURE

Вивчіть нову лексику:

What is the weather like?

Приклади				Переклад
It's/The weather is	hot /ηΘτ/	in	summer	Погода спекотна/Спекотно влітку.
	cold /κΞΥλδ/		winter	Погода холодна / Холодно взимку.
	cool /κυ:λ/		autumn (fall)	Погода прохолодна / Прохолодно восени.
	calm /κΑ:μ/		May	Погода спокійна / Спокійно у травні.
	cloudy /∇κλαΥδι/		October	Погода хмарна/ Хмарно у жовтні.
	warm /ωΟ:μ/		spring	Погода тепла/ Тепло навесні.
	windy /∇ωΙνδι/		April	Погода вітряна / Дує вітер у квітні.
	foggy /∇φΘγι/		September	Погода туманна/ Туман у вересні.
	frosty /∇φρΘστι/		December	Погода морозна/ Морозно у грудні.
	stormy /∇στΟ:μι/		March	Погода неспокійна, штормова/ Неспокійно у березні.
	rainy /∇ρεΙνι/		November	Погода дощова/ Йдуть дощі у листопаді.
	sunny /∇σςνι/		June	Погода сонечная/ Сонечно в юні.
	clearing /∇κλΙΞρΙΝ/ up		the morning	Погода прояснюється зранку.
	freezing /∇φρι:ζΙΝ/		January	У січні пронизливий холод.
	nasty /∇νΑ:στι/		autumn	Восени негода.

Впр. 1. Відпрацюйте нову лексику у парах за прикладом:

Приклад: What is the weather like in summer? – The weather is / It is sunny in summer.

What is the weather like in June? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in winter? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in January? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in autumn? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in December? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in spring? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

What is the weather like in summer? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in May? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in March? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in September? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in April? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in October? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.
What is the weather like in the morning? – The weather is /It is _____ in _____.

Підготуйте виразне читання вірша, звертаючи увагу на нові слова:

Weather Song

What's the **weather**?
What's the weather?
What's the weather, everyone?
Is it **windy**?
Is it **cloudy**?
Is there **rain**?
Or is there **sun**?

Впр. 2. Заповніть пропуски у вірші:

Weather Song

What's the weather?
What's the _____?
What's the weather, everyone?
Is it _____?
Is it _____?
Is there _____?
Or is there _____?

Впр. 3. Поставте рядки вірша у логічній послідовності та вивчіть вірш напам'ять:

Weather Song

Is it windy?
Is it cloudy?
Is there rain?
What's the weather?
Or is there sun?
What's the weather, everyone?
What's the weather?

Вп. 4. Створіть власний вірш. Заповніть пропуски новими словами з таблиці, поданої вище. Прочитайте виразно вірш.

Weather Song

What's the weather?

What's the weather?

What's the weather, everyone?

Is it _____?

Is it _____?

Is there _____?

Or is there _____?

Читання 3.1

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння нових слів. Знайдіть їх у тексті, випишіть речення з ними, перекладіть їх.

spring /σπρIN/ – весна

summer /ʋσςμ≡/ – літо

autumn (fall) /ʋO:τ≡μ/ – осінь

winter /ʋωIvτ≡/ – зима

season /ʋσι:ζv/ – сезон, пора року

to freeze /φρι:ζ/ – замерзати

wind /ωIvδ/ – вітер

to snow /σv≡Y/ – йти, падати (про сніг),

temperature /ʋτεμπρI%τΣ≡/ – температура

snow /σv≡Y/ – сніг

to thaw /TO:/ – танути, наступати (про відлигу)

ice /αIσ/ – лід

to melt /μελτ/ – танути (про сніг, лід)

to rain /ρεIv/ – йти (про дощ), дощити

rain /ρεIv/ – дощ

thunderstorm /ʋTςvδ≡%στO:μ/ – гроза

to drizzle /ʋδρIζλ/ – моросити, йти (про мжичку)

to be overcast /ʋ≡Yϖ≡%κA:στ/ – бути затягнутим хмарами (про небо)

to get dark /δA:κ/ – темніти

wet /ωετ/ – мокрий, вогкий

Прочитайте текст та перекладіть його українською:

WEATHER AND CLIMATE

Spring, summer, autumn and winter are the four **seasons**. When winter comes the days are short and the nights are long. It is often **cold** and sometimes it **freezes** hard. Cold **winds** blow from the North. It often **snows**. The **temperature** is below zero. There is much **snow** on the roads. The water freezes in the rivers and lakes. Some people are fond of winter. They like to ski and skate.

In spring it gets **warm**. The snow **thaws**, the **ice** on the rivers **melts**. The temperature is higher. The gardens are full of flowers. It **rains** heavily. But spring **rains** are warm. In May there are **thunderstorms** sometimes. In summer it is very warm and even **hot**. In July people usually have their holidays. They spend them at the seaside. They swim and lie in the sun.

At the beginning of autumn it is warm. But then it gets **cool**. It often **drizzles**. The sky **is overcast**. The leaves on the trees turn red and yellow. It **gets dark** early. The weather is often **nasty** and it's **foggy**. The **wettest** autumn month is November.

Вкажіть вірні (В) та невірні (Н) твердження:

1. Spring, summer, autumn and winter are the four seasons.
2. When summer comes the days are short and the nights are long.
3. It is often cold and sometimes it freezes hard in spring.
4. The temperature is below zero in winter.
5. In spring it gets warm.
6. The snow thaws, the ice on the rivers melts in autumn.
7. In May there are no thunderstorms.
8. In summer it is very warm and even hot.
9. It often drizzles in winter.
10. The weather is unpleasant and foggy in autumn.
11. The wettest autumn month is November.

Дайте відповіді на питання до тексту:

1. What are the seasons of the year?
2. Are the days short in winter?
3. It isn't often cold in winter, is it?
4. Why is there much snow on the roads?
5. Is the temperature below or above zero in winter?
6. Does it get warm or cool in spring?
7. What is there in May?
8. Is it very warm and hot in summer?
9. It often drizzles and gets dark early in autumn, doesn't it?
10. Why is the weather unpleasant in autumn?
11. What is the wettest autumn month?

Впр. 5. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

Spring, summer, autumn and winter are the four _____. When _____ comes the days are short and the nights are long. It is often cold and sometimes it _____ hard. Cold _____ blow from the North. It often _____. The _____ is below zero. There is much _____ on the roads. The _____ freezes in the rivers and lakes. Some people are _____ of winter. They like to ski and _____.

In spring it gets _____. The snow _____, the ice on the rivers _____. The _____ is higher. The gardens are _____ of flowers. It _____ heavily. But _____ rains are warm. In May there are _____ sometimes. In summer it is very warm and even _____. In _____ people usually have their holidays. They spend them at the _____. They swim and _____ in the sun.

At the beginning of _____ it is warm. But then it gets _____. It often _____. The sky is _____. The leaves on the trees _____ red and yellow. It _____ dark early. The weather is often _____ and it's _____. The _____ autumn month is November.

Впр. 6. Дайте відповіді на питання, використовуючи нову лексику:

What do we call the weather when it

rains? _____

snows? _____

is hot? _____

is a fog? _____

is a frost? _____

there are clouds? _____

Впр. 7. Вивчіть нові слова та створіть власні приклади з ними.

Приклади					Переклад
It	always	rains	in	October	У жовтні завжди йде дощ.
	often	snows		winter	Взимку часто йде сніг.
	sometimes	drizzles		autumn	Восени інколи буває мжичка.
	seldom	storms		summer	Влітку гроза буває рідко.
	never				

Приклади					Переклад
It	gets	cool	in	the morning	Зранку стає прохолодно.
		warm		spring	Навесні стає тепло.
		dark		the evening	Увечері стає темно.
		bright		the afternoon	Вдень стає світло.
		cold		winter	Взимку стає холодно.
		hot		summer	Влітку стає спекотно.
		foggy		autumn	Восени стає туманно.

Приклади						Переклад
The temperature	is was will be	2	degrees	below/ above	zero	Температура – 2 градуси нижче/вище нуля.
		5				Температура – 5 градуси нижче /вище нуля.
		10				Темп-ра – 10 градусів нижче / вище нуля.
		15				Темп-ра – 15 градусів нижче / вище нуля.
		20				Темп-ра – 20 градусів нижче / вище нуля.
		34				Темп-ра – 34 градусів нижче / вище нуля.
		18				Темп-ра – 18 градусів нижче / вище нуля.

Впр. 7 а. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. It always _____ in October.
2. It often _____ in winter.
3. It sometimes _____ in October.
4. It never _____ in summer.
5. It gets _____ in the evening.
6. It gets _____ in the afternoon.
7. It gets _____ in the morning.
8. It gets _____ in spring.
9. It gets _____ in winter.
10. It gets _____ in summer.
11. It gets _____ in autumn.
12. The temperature is 2 _____ below zero.
13. The _____ was 5 degrees above zero.
14. The temperature is _____ degrees above zero in April.
15. The temperature will be 10 degrees _____ zero in autumn.
16. The temperature will be 20 degrees _____ zero in winter.
17. The temperature is _____ degrees above zero in summer.
18. The temperature was 14 degrees _____ zero in spring.

Впр. 7 б. Перекладіть українською:

1. Восени та взимку темніє рано увечері.
2. Навесні дні довше, а ночі коротше.
3. Влітку температура була 30 градусів вище нуля.
4. Взимку температура буде 18 градусів нижче нуля.
5. Навесні тане сніг і теплішає.
6. Восени часто йде мжичка і буває туман.
7. Завтра буде дощ.

8. Вчора було сонячно і ясно.
9. У травні часто буває гроза і дощ.
10. У вересні тепло й сухо.
11. Вдень погода прояснюється й стає прохолодно.
12. У грудні часто йде сніг.
13. У березні часто дує холодний вітер.
14. Рано навесні тане лід на річці та яскраво світе сонце.

Впр. 7 в. Розподіліть слова за назвою пори року:

foggy, frosty, cool, cold, warm, nasty, wet, windy, sunny, cloudy, hot, rainy, stormy, bright, dry, rain, snow, drizzle, storm

WINTER	SPRING	SUMMER	AUTUMN

Впр. 8. Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. What month has the shortest days?
2. When does it often rain?
3. What is the weather like in winter?
4. What is the weather like in spring?
5. What is the weather like in autumn?
6. What is the weather like in summer?
7. Which is the coldest month of the year?
8. Which is the hottest month of the year?
9. What is your favourite season?
10. What is the weather like in summer where you live?
11. What is the weather like in winter where you live?
12. What is the weather like in spring where you live?
13. What is the weather like in autumn where you live?

Читання 3.2

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння поданих слів. Знайдіть їх у тексті та випишіть та перекладіть речення з ними.

shower /ˈʃaʊə/ – злива

in the west /ωεστ/ – на заході

light /λαϊт/ – легкий

in the east /ι:στ/ – на сході

to fall /φΟ:λ/ – падати, знижуватися

forecast /∇φΟ:κΑ:στ/ – прогноз

Прочитайте та перекладіть текст українською:

WEATHER FORCAST

It will be another cloudy day today, with temperature of 8 degrees, and some **showers** in the afternoon in the **west** of the country. The winds will be **light** in the morning, but will be stronger in the afternoon. We can expect a wet and windy day tomorrow, with a lot of rain in the **east**. Temperatures will **fall**, but will be above zero.

Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Will it be cold or warm today?
2. Will the temperatures be above or below zero today?
3. Where will it rain today?
4. Will it snow tomorrow?
5. What will the weather be tomorrow?
6. Where will it rain tomorrow?
7. Will the temperatures be above or below zero today?

Впр. 9. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

It will be another _____ day today, with _____ of 8 degrees, and some _____ in the afternoon in the _____ of the country. The winds will be _____ in the morning, but will be stronger in the afternoon. We can expect a wet and _____ day tomorrow, with a lot of rain in the _____. Temperatures will _____, but will be above _____.

Впр. 10. Доберіть правильні українські еквіваленти до словосполучень:

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) cloudy day | a) багато дощів, опадів |
| 2) in the west | b) дощовий день |
| 3) light wind | c) на сході |
| 4) windy day | d) похмурий, хмарний день |
| 5) wet day | e) вище нуля |
| 6) a lot of rain | f) на заході |
| 7) in the east | g) легкий вітер |
| 8) above zero | h) вітряний день |

Впр. 11. Використовуючи тематичну лексику, складіть прогноз погоди:

a hot summer day _____

a rainy autumn day _____

a stormy winter day _____

a cool spring day _____

Читання 3.3.

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння поданих слів. Знайдіть їх у тексті, випишіть та перекладіть речення з ними.

to have a lovely /ṽλςᵠλ/ time –добре проводити час

to shine /ΣαIv/ – сяяти, світити

Прочитайте та перекладіть листа українською:

Dear Norma and Bill,

I'm **having a lovely time** here in the mountains. The weather is great. There is a lot of snow because it had been snowing for two weeks before I came. Now the sky is blue, the sun is **shining** and it is about 2 degrees below zero. The weather forecast is very good too. It will be sunny for the rest of the week. This is ideal weather for skiing.

See you soon.

Love,

Susan.

Впр. 12. Опишіть погоду в горах:

The weather _____

It had been _____

Now _____

It is about _____

Впр. 13. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

Dear Norma and Bill,

I'm having a _____ time here in the _____. The _____ is great. There is a lot of _____ because it had been snowing for two weeks before I came. Now the _____ is blue, the sun is _____ and it is about 2 degrees below zero. The weather _____ is very good too. It will be _____ for the rest of the week. This is _____ weather for _____.

See you soon.

Love,

Susan.

Впр. 14. Прочитайте прогноз погоди на наступний тиждень, коли Норма та Біл їдуть у гори.

Here is the weather forecast for the next week. It will be very cold, with temperatures reaching –20 degrees. It will be cloudy all week, and often windy and foggy. There will be some snowstorms too.

Напишіть листа С'юзан про зимову відпустку Норми і Біла. Почніть свій лист так:

Dear Susan,

We are having a good time, but the weather isn't very nice. _____

See you soon.

Love,

Впр. 15. Опишіть погодні умови вашої країни. Використовуйте подану нижче лексику: in the west, in the east, in the north, in the south, above/below zero, to snow, windy days, nasty weather, a lot of rain, in the mountains, in the plains, strong wind, heavy showers, spring thunderstorms, warm spring days, summer heat, foggy mornings, mild winter, early spring.

Читання 3.4

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння поданих слів. Знайдіть їх у тексті, випишіть та перекладіть речення з ними.

to make plans /πλ{vζ/ – планувати

to dream /δρι:μ/ – мріяти

to ski /σκι:/ – кататися на лижах

weekend /%ωι:κvενδ/ – вихідні (субота, неділя)

holiday(s) /vηθλιδεI/ – відпустка, канікули

to visit famous /vφεΙμ≡σ/ places – відвідувати відомі місця, пам'ятки

to go climbing /vκλαΙμIN/ – займатися альпінізмом

to spend /σπενδ/ – проводити (час)

to go on one's own /≡Yv/ – проводити час насамоті

Прочитайте виразно та перекладіть текст українською:

ON HOLIDAY

Many people think about holidays in January. They begin **to make plans**. They talk about places and ideas. So people begin **to dream**. Some people like winter holidays. If they live near mountains they probably **go skiing**. Some people can **ski** every **weekend**, but others go for a week and have a real **holiday**. Not everybody likes winter holidays. Many people dream of the sun and warm beaches. And other people like to do things when they are **on holiday**. They want to learn a foreign language or **visit famous places**, or **go climbing**. Some people like **to spend** their holidays with a lot of other people; others prefer **to go on their own**. Even if we all have different ideas about an ideal holiday, we all have to face two problems: time and money. In some countries people have three-week holidays each year, in other countries, it is four weeks. Some people like to have a long holiday once a year, others prefer to have two short ones.

Вкажіть вірні (В) та невірні (Н) твердження:

1. Many people make plans about holidays in January.
2. People dream about visiting some places.
3. If people live near mountains they go skiing.
4. Some people can skate every weekend, but others go for a week and have a real holiday.
5. Many people dream of the sun and warm beaches.
6. Other people don't like to do things when they are on holiday.
7. People want to visit famous places or go fishing.
8. Some people like to spend their holidays with a lot of other people.
9. We all have to face two problems: time and money.

10. In some countries people have three-week holidays each year.
11. All people like to have a long holiday once a year.
12. Some people prefer to have two short holidays.

Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. When do people begin to make plans for their holidays?
2. What can people do if they have winter holidays?
3. If people live near the mountains they probably go skiing, don't they?
4. Does everybody like winter holidays?
5. Do many people dream of the sun and warm beaches?
6. Do people like to do things when they are on holiday or on working days?
7. People don't want to learn a foreign language, visit famous places or go climbing, do they?
8. Do people like to spend their holidays with a lot of other people; others prefer to go on their own?
9. What problems do people face?
10. How long are holidays in some countries?

Впр. 16. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

Many people think about _____ in January. They begin to _____ plans. They talk about places and _____. So people begin to _____. Some people like _____ holidays. If they live near mountains they probably go _____. Some people can _____ every weekend, but others go for a week and have a real holiday. Not everybody likes winter _____. Many people dream of the sun and warm _____. And other people like to do things when they are _____ holiday. They want to learn a foreign language or _____ famous places, or go _____. Some people like to _____ their holidays with a lot of other people; others prefer to go on their _____. Even if we all have different ideas about an ideal holiday, we all have to face two _____: time and money. In some countries people have _____ holidays each year, in other countries, it is four weeks. Some people like to have a long holiday once a _____, others prefer to have two _____ ones.

Впр. 17. Підберіть українські відповідники до словосполучень:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1) to make plans | a) зимові канікули, відпустка |
| 2) to dream about holidays | b) займатися альпінізмом |
| 3) to ski every weekend | c) планувати |
| 4) to go skiing in the mountains | d) проводити відпустку |
| 5) winter holidays | e) проводити час наодинці |
| 6) to visit famous places | f) мріяти про відпустку, канікули |

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 7) to go climbing | g) кататися на лижах у горах |
| 8) to spend holidays | h) відвідувати відомі місця |
| 9) to go on one's own | i) кататися на лижах кожні вихідні |

Впр. 18. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. Many people _____ about holidays. 2. We _____ about summer holidays. 3. She likes winter _____. 4. If you live near mountains you can go _____. 5. He cannot _____ every weekend. 6. Some people go to the mountains and have a real _____. 7. He likes to do things when he is on _____. 8. They plan to _____ famous places when we are on holidays. 9. He goes _____ when he is in the mountains. 10. I like to _____ my holidays with a lot of friends. 11. She likes to _____ on her own at the weekend.

Впр. 19. Дайте відповіді на питання, використовуючи тематичну лексику:

- When do you begin to make plans for your holidays?
- What can you do if you have winter holidays?
- Do you live near the mountains?
- Do you like winter holidays?
- You don't like summer holidays, do you?
- Do you like to do things when you are on holiday?
- Do you like to learn a foreign language or visit famous places on holidays?
- Do you like to go climbing or skiing when you are in the mountains?
- Why do you like to spend holidays with a lot of other people?
- You don't like to go on your own, do you?
- How long are your holidays?
- Do you like to have a long holiday once a year or to have two short ones?

Впр. 20. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. I am a big fan of _____. 2. She is a big fan of _____. 3. We are big fans of _____. 4. They are big fans of _____. 5. You are a big fan of _____. 6. I am interested in _____. 7. I was interested in _____. 8. He is interested in _____. 9. She was interested in _____. 10. We are interested in _____. 11. You were interested in _____. 12. They are interested in _____. 13. I am fond of _____. 14. She was fond of _____. 15. He is fond of _____. 16. You are fond of _____. 17. We were fond of _____. 18. They are fond of _____. 19. I was fond of _____. 20. You were fond of _____.

Впр. 20 а. Вивчіть нову слова, вирази та складіть приклади з ними.

Приклади				Переклад
I He She We You They	am/ is/ are/ was/ were (not)	a big fan of/ interested in/ fond of	skiing /ṽσκi:IN/	Я – великий шанувальник катання на лижах.
			gardening /ṽγA:δvIN/	Я був великим шанувальником садівництва.
			skating /ṽσκεItIN/	Я цікавлюся катанням на ковзанах.
			travelling /ṽτρ{ωλIN/	Я цікавився подорожами.
			reading books	Він цікавиться читанням книг.
			playing games	Він цікавився іграми.
			fishing /ṽφIΣIN/	Він захоплюється рибалкою.
			painting /ṽπεIvτIN/	Вона цікавилася малюванням.
			singing /ṽσININ/	Ми цікавимось співами.
			climbing /ṽκλaIμIN/	Ти цікавився альпінізмом.
			swimming /ṽσωIμIN/	Ви захоплюється плаванням.
			listening /ṽλIσvIN/ to music	Ми захоплювалися музикою.
			playing sports /σπO:τσ/	Ти захоплювався спортом.
			walking /ṽωO:kIN/	Їм подобається гуляти.
			lying /λαIN/ in the sun	Їм подобається засмагати.
			jogging /ṽδZΘγIN/	Вона захоплюється бігом підтюпцем.
			having picnics /ṽπIkvIkσ/	Йому подобалися пікніки.
			knitting /ṽκvItIN/	Їй подобалося в'язання.
			cooking /ṽκYκIN/	Вона любить готувати.
			going to the cinema /ṽσIv≡μ≡/	Мені подобається ходити в кіно.

Впр. 20 б. Перекладіть українською:

1. Я – великий шанувальник катання на лижах.
2. Я був великим шанувальником садівництва.
3. Я цікавлюся катанням на лижах.

4. Я цікавився подорожами.
5. Він цікавиться читанням книг?
6. Він цікавився іграми?
7. Він захоплюється рибалкою.
8. Вона цікавилася малюванням.
9. Ми цікавимося співами.
10. Ти цікавився альпінізмом.
11. Ви захоплюється плаванням?
12. Ми не захоплювалися музикою.
13. Ти захоплювався спортом чи музикою?
14. Їм не подобається гуляти.
15. Їм подобається засмагати?
16. Вона захоплюється бігом підтюпцем чи плаванням?
17. Йому не подобалися пікніки.
18. Їй подобалося в'язання?
19. Вона любить готувати чи читати?
20. Мені подобається ходити в кіно.

Впр. 20 в. Відпрацюйте вживання нової лексики у парах за прикладом:

Приклад: *Are (Were) you a big fan of painting? – Yes, I am (was)/No, I am (was) not.*

Are (Were) you fond of swimming? – Yes, I am (was)/No, I am (was) not.

Are (Were) you interested in swimming? – Yes, I am (was)/No, I am (was) not.

What are (were) you fond of? – I am (was) fond of gardening.

What are (were) you interested in? – I am (was) interested in reading different books.

1. Are you a big fan of painting? – _____.
2. Are you a big fan of knitting? – _____.
3. Were you a big fan of having picnics? – _____.
4. Were you a big fan of going to the cinema? – _____.
5. Were you a big fan of cooking? – _____.
6. Are you fond of jogging? – _____.
7. Are you fond of lying in the sun? – _____.
8. Were you fond of walking? – _____.
9. Were you fond of playing sports? – _____.
10. What are you fond of? – _____.
11. What were you fond of? – _____.
12. Are you interested in listening to music? _____.
13. Are you interested in climbing? _____.
14. Were you interested in singing? _____.

15. Were you interested in gardening? _____.
16. Were you interested in fishing? _____.
17. What are you interested in? _____.
18. What were you interested in? _____.
19. Are you interested in travelling? _____.
20. Were you interested in skiing? _____.

Впр. 20 г. Доповніть текст інформацією про себе, використовуючи вивчену лексику. Відтворіть текст напам'ять.

My name is _____. I am a student. I am very busy on the weekdays. But I have some free time at my weekends. When I was a child I was fond of _____. But now I am a big fan of _____. Sometimes I like to _____. I am interested in _____ too.

Аудіювання 3.1

Прослухайте діалог. Прочитайте діалог за дикторами. Відпрацюйте виразне читання діалогу у парах.

- Hello, John! Where were you last month?
- Oh, I was on holiday.
- Oh, really? But you were on holiday in January.
- Yes, I was in Switzerland in January.
- Where were you last month?
- I was in Florida.
- Florida! What was it like?
- Fantastic! The weather was beautiful... the sea was warm.
- What was the hotel like?
- Excellent! There was a swimming-pool and private beach. There were three restaurants and two bars.
- What were the people like?
- They were very friendly.
- Was your wife with you?
- No, she wasn't. She never comes with me on holiday.
- What about the children? Were they with you?
- No, they weren't. They were with their grandparents.

Впр. 21. Заповніть пропуски у діалозі словами з таблиці.

January	on	Florida	beach	holiday
like	beautiful	comes	friendly	hotel

- Hello, John! Where were you last month?

- Oh, I was on _____.
- Oh, really? But you were _____ holiday in January.
- Yes, I was in Switzerland in _____.
- Where were you last month?
- I was in Florida.
- _____! What was it _____?
- Fantastic! The weather was _____ ... the sea was warm.
- What was the _____ like?
- Excellent! There was a swimming-pool and private _____. There were three restaurants and two bars.
- What were the people like?
- They were very _____.
- Was your wife with you?
- No, she wasn't. She never _____ with me on holiday.
- What about the children? Were they with you?
- No, they weren't. They were with their grandparents.

Впр. 22. Підкресліть правильний варіант. Прослухайте діалог та перевірте себе. Прочитайте діалог у парах.

- Hello, John! Where/Why were you last month?
- Oh, I was on/in holiday.
- Oh, really? But you were on holiday/weekend in January.
- Yes, I was in Switzerland in January/February.
- Where were you last month/week?
- I was/were in Florida.
- Florida/ Switzerland! What/How was it like?
- Fantastic! The weather/ holiday was beautiful... the sea/river was warm.
- What was the hotel/house like?
- Excellent! There was a swimming-pool and private/good beach. There were three restaurants/cafes and two bars.
- What were the people like/such?
- They were very friendly/bright.
- Was your wife/sister with you?
- No, she wasn't. She never/always comes with me on holiday.
- What/How about the children? Were they with/at you?
- No/Yes, they weren't. They were with their grandparents/relatives.

Впр. 23. Поставте репліки у логічній послідовності, прочитайте діалог у парах.

- Hello, John!
- Was your wife with you?
- They were very friendly.
- Florida! What was it like?
- Yes, I was in Switzerland in January.
- Where were you last month?
- They were with their grandparents.
- Oh, really? But you were on holiday in January.
- Fantastic! The weather was beautiful... the sea was warm.
- What was the hotel like?
- Oh, I was on holiday.
- What were the people like?
- Excellent! There was a swimming-pool and private beach. There were three restaurants and two bars.
- Where were you last month?
- No, she wasn't. She never comes with me on holiday.
- What about the children? Were they with you?
- No, they weren't. I was in Florida.

Впр. 24. Складіть діалог, використовуючи подану лексику, відтворіть діалог напам'ять.

to make plans; to dream about holidays; to be on holiday; winter holidays; summer holidays; weekend; to have much free time; to spend time with friends; to have a good time; to go out; to visit famous places; to go on one's own; a warm beach; to lie in the sun; to swim in the sea; to go climbing; to go fishing; to be a big fan of; to be interested in; to be fond of.

Читання 3.5

Відпрацюйте правильне вимовляння слів та словосполучень. Знайдіть їх у тексті, випишіть речення з ними, перекладіть речення.

- to look forward /vʌfɔ:wəδ/ to – очікувати з нетерпінням
- to enjoy /ɪnʃɔɪ/ oneself - добре проводити час, насолоджуватися
- to stay /steɪ/ in bed –лежати у ліжку
- to have a walk – прогулюватися
- day off – вихідний
- to relax /rɪlæks/ – розслаблятися
- to make up one's mind /meɪnʌp/ – вирішувати
- activity /æk'tɪvəti/ – вид діяльності, заняття

various /ṽṽE≅ρI≅σ/ – різноманітний
 to depend /δIṽπEνδ/ on – залежати від
 to go to the concert /ṽκΘνσ≅τ/, show /Σ≅Y/ – ходити на концерт, шоу
 to go out – гуляти, бувати на людях, бувати у суспільстві
 to have a talk – поговорити
 to read books – читати книги
 to play computer /κ≅μṽπφυ:τ≅/ games – грати в комп'ютерні ігри
 to watch TV – дивитися телевізор
 to have a family dinner – обідати всією родиною
 to get ready /ṽρεδI/ for – готуватися до
 working day – робочий день
 to have a good time – добре проводити час

Прочитайте та перекладі текст українською:

DAYS OFF

Very often I **am looking forward to** weekends and holidays **to enjoy myself**. On these days I may **stay** a bit longer **in bed** than on weekdays. My **day off** is usually like this. I get up at 6.30 or 7 o'clock. I do my morning exercises, brush my teeth and have a shower. After having breakfast I **have a walk** to the river bank and back. Then I like to listen to a lovely music and **relax**.

I **make up my mind** what to do on days off and holidays beforehand. My **activities** on these days are **various** and **depend on** my plans for the day. Although there isn't much time on these days I can do a lot. I may go to see my relatives and friends, **go to the concerts, shows** or just **go out** with my friends. When at home I **read books, play computer games, watch TV**.

Very often my sister with her husband and kids comes to see us. We sit together and **have a talk**. As a rule, on these days we **have a family dinner**. In the evenings I like to have a walk and then **get ready for** the next **working day**. I like holidays more than days off because I have more time to enjoy myself and I can **have a good time**.

Вкажіть вірні (В) і невірні (Н) твердження:

1. You are looking forward to weekends and holidays to enjoy yourself.
2. On weekends you may stay a bit longer in the yard than on weekdays.
3. You get up at 6.30 or 7 o'clock.
4. You never do morning exercises, brush your teeth and have a shower on weekends.
5. After having breakfast you have a walk to the centre of the city.
6. You like to listen to a lovely music and relax on weekends.
7. Your activities depend on your plans for the weekend.

8. You never go to see my relatives and friends on weekends.
9. When at home you read books, play computer games, watch TV.
10. Very often your relatives come to see you.
11. On weekends you never have a family dinner.
12. In the evenings you get ready for the next working day.
13. You don't like holidays more than days off.
14. You enjoy yourself and have a good time on weekdays.

Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. Are you looking forward to weekends and holidays?
2. On weekends you stay a bit longer in bed than on weekdays, don't you?
3. When do you get up at weekends?
4. What do you do in the morning?
5. Do you have a walk to the river bank or nearest shop after breakfast?
6. Do you like to listen to a lovely music and relax after a walk?
7. Do you make plans for your days off and holidays beforehand?
8. Do your activities depend on your plans for the day or the weather?
9. What can you do on your holidays and weekends?
10. What do you do when you are at home on weekend?
11. Do your relatives or friends come to see you on weekends?
12. What do you do in the evening on weekends?
13. Why do you like your holidays more than weekdays?

Впр. 25. Заповніть пропуски в тексті:

Very often I am looking _____ to weekends and _____ to enjoy myself. On these days I may _____ a bit longer in bed than on weekdays. My day _____ is usually like this. I get _____ at 6.30 or 7 o'clock. I do my _____ exercises, brush my teeth and have a _____. After having _____ I have a _____ to the river bank and back. Then I like to _____ to a lovely music and _____.

I make up my _____ what to do on days off and holidays _____. My _____ on these days are _____ and depend on my plans for the day. Although there isn't much time on these days I can do a _____. I may go to see my relatives and friends, go to the _____, shows or just go _____ with my friends. When at home I read books, play _____ games, watch _____.

Very often my sister with her husband and kids comes to _____ us. We sit together and have a _____. As a rule, on these days we have a _____ dinner. In the evenings I like to _____ a walk and then get _____ for the next working day. I like holidays more than days off because I have more time to _____ myself and I can have a _____ time.

Впр. 26. Підберіть українські відповідники до слів та словосполучень:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1) to look forward to | a) добре проводити час |
| 2) to enjoy oneself | b) вид діяльності, заняття |
| 3) to stay in bed | c) дивитися телевізор |
| 4) to have a walk | d) розслаблятися |
| 5) day off | e) обідати всією родиною |
| 6) to relax | f) бувати на людях |
| 7) to make up one's mind | g) ходити на концерт |
| 8) activity | h) залежати від |
| 9) various | i) вирішувати |
| 10) to depend on | j) добре проводити час |
| 11) to go to the concert | k) читати книги |
| 12) to go to the show | l) вихідний |
| 13) to go out | m) різноманітний |
| 14) to have a talk | n) робочій день |
| 15) to read books | o) готуватися до |
| 16) to play computer games | p) грати в комп'ютерні ігри |
| 17) to watch TV | q) лежати у ліжку |
| 18) to have a family dinner | r) ходити на шоу |
| 19) to get ready for | s) поговорити |
| 20) working day | t) очікувати з нетерпінням |
| 21) to have a good time | u) прогулюватися |

Впр. 27. Заповніть пропуски у реченнях:

1. I look _____ to my weekends. 2. He _____ forward to holidays to _____ himself. 3. I _____ a bit longer in bed on weekends. 4. My _____ are Saturday and Sunday. 5. Every Saturday I have a _____ to the river bank and back. 6. We like to _____ to a lovely music and _____. 7. She never _____ up her _____ what to do on days off. 8. We plan _____ activities on holidays. 9. My _____ on weekends depend _____ my plans for these days. 10. I often go to _____ my relatives and friends on weekends. 11. He often goes to the _____ or _____. 12. I go _____ with my friends on Sundays. 13. When at home I _____ books. 14. Sometimes he plays _____ games. 15. We never watch TV in the afternoon. 16. I want to have a _____ with you. 17. They will have a _____ dinner tomorrow. 18. In the evenings she gets _____ for the next working day. 19. You can have a _____ time with your friends.

Впр. 28. Дайте відповіді на питання, використовуючи тематичну лексику:

1. Do you have a weekend every week?
2. When do you have days off?
3. Do you have much free time during your weekends?
4. What do you usually do on your weekends?
5. Do you stay at home or go out on your weekends?
6. What do you do on your weekends when the weather is nasty?
7. How do you spend your free time in good weather?
8. You have a family dinner with your relatives on Sundays, don't you?
9. Who likes to go to the concerts and shows in your family?
10. Do you enjoy yourself on your weekends?
11. Do you like your holidays more than days off?
12. When do you get ready for the next working day?
13. Where do you have a good time?
14. What are your favourite holiday activities?
15. What are you and your friends fond of?
16. Are you interested in playing sports or computer games?
17. You are not a big fan of reading books, are you?

Впр. 29. Складіть діалог, послуговуючись питаннями впр. 28 та вашими відповідями на них. Відтворіть діалог напам'ять.

Впр. 30. Опишіть ваш вихідний. Використовуйте в описі подані слова та словосполучення: to be a big fan of; to be fond of swimming and jogging; to be interested in sports and games; various holiday activities; to have a good time with friends; to enjoy oneself; to get ready for the next working day; to have a family dinner; to go out with friends; to have a walk; to go to the show; to stay in bed longer; to play computer games; to depend on one's plans; in good weather; in bad weather; in the evening; in the morning; in the afternoon; to plan holidays; to make up one's mind.

Навчальне видання

ГУМЕНЮК Інна Леонідівна

АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА

Частина II

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